Institutional degree classification profile

1. The University undertakes a detailed annual analysis of degree outcome performance that considers a range of student characteristics and subject mix over time. The headline figures from this analysis are shown below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Academic year</th>
<th>1st class</th>
<th>Upper second class</th>
<th>First/Upper Second</th>
<th>Lower second class</th>
<th>Third class &amp; Pass</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2015/16</td>
<td>23.1%</td>
<td>55.5%</td>
<td>78.6</td>
<td>18.5%</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016/17</td>
<td>24.6%</td>
<td>51.3%</td>
<td>75.9%</td>
<td>20.7%</td>
<td>3.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017/18</td>
<td>25.6%</td>
<td>49.9%</td>
<td>75.5%</td>
<td>21.6%</td>
<td>2.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018/19</td>
<td>26.0%</td>
<td>49.2%</td>
<td>75.2%</td>
<td>21.4%</td>
<td>3.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019/20</td>
<td>33.4%</td>
<td>47.9%</td>
<td>81.3%</td>
<td>16.5%</td>
<td>2.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020/21</td>
<td>33.6%</td>
<td>50.0%</td>
<td>83.6%</td>
<td>14.4%</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. From the detailed analysis the University observes that the percentage of combined first and upper second-class degrees (Good Degrees) awarded increased in the academic year 2020-21 following five years where the percentage of good degrees had decreased. At a more granular level there has been an increase in the number of first-class degrees and an increase in the upper second-class awards and a reduction in lower class awards.

3. The outcomes for 2020 and 2021 stand in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic, the switch in semester 2 to online teaching in 2020, the adjustment to assessments to enable them to be delivered fully online and the introduction, during the pandemic of ‘safety net policies’ designed to make sure that students were not unfairly disadvantaged. See Appendix 1 for further detail on the University’s response to the pandemic.

4. Further commentary on degree outcome by demographic profile can be found at Appendix 2.

Assessment and Marking Practices

5. The University assures itself that assessment criteria meet sector reference points through the following key routes:

- The rigorous design, development and validation of courses
- The accreditation/recognition of courses by Professional, Statutory or Regulatory Bodies (PSRBs)
- Boards of Study produce marking criteria on an annual basis, and these are kept under review by School Education Committees
- The anonymous marking of assessments (wherever practicable to do so)
- Moderation processes (internal and external) to ensure consistency and rigour
- Rigorous external examiner appointment process, in line with the QAA UK Quality Code. External examiners attend all assessment boards where module and award outcomes are reviewed, discussed and ratified.
- Validation, revalidation and periodic review panels with built-in external peer review to provide additional scrutiny
- Academic Appeals process independent of course and module teams to ensure fairness and rigour.
6. See **Appendix 3** for further detailed information.

**Academic Governance**

7. The University Regulations articulate the academic governance of the University. Under Regulation 8 Senate is responsible for academic standards and the direction and regulation of academic matters. Senate provides annual assurance to Council (the Governing Body) on the academic standards of awards and related quality of learning opportunities. Council has consistently accepted this assurance.

8. The University Education Committee (UEC), a sub-committee of Senate with delegated responsibility to oversee the value, academic standards and quality of the University’s awards through established processes for validation and revalidation, annual course monitoring and periodic review. UEC also maintains oversight of the external examiner system on behalf of Senate and receives annual reports that consistently provide assurance of undergraduate awards.

9. On behalf of UEC, the Examination and Assessment Regulations Sub-Committee (EAR) oversees the development and implementation of the University’s Examination and Assessment Regulations and associated policies for taught awards. EAR continues to monitor the workings of the University’s assessment regulations, making reference, where appropriate, to practice elsewhere in the sector. The underlying principles for this are a commitment to ensuring fairness in assessment and ensuring that the regulations support student retention, progression and achievement. Any recommendations for regulatory or associated procedural changes are referred to UEC for formal approval.

10. The standards of the awards of the University are set and maintained within frameworks set out in:

   - Charter, Statutes and Regulations of the University
   - Organisation of the University Handbook
   - Examination and Assessment Regulations Handbook
   - Quality Assurance processes

11. External requirements including those in the QAA UK Quality Code for Higher Education are enshrined within these documents. These frameworks are approved through Senate and its sub-committees and are revised regularly to reflect changing demands and to improve efficiency.

12. The University’s processes relating to collaborative provision are mapped to the UK Quality Code and articulated in a Partner Handbook. Partner organisations delivering Sussex-validated provision are subject to additional quality assurance mechanisms over and above those applied to on-campus provision. These include:

   - Institutional Recognition (which takes place every 3-5 years);
   - course re-validation (every 3-5 years)
   - a detailed annual monitoring process.

13. All processes report to UEC. Each Partner organisation has its own set of academic regulations which are audited to ensure alignment with the principles underpinning Sussex’s regulations. Any changes to these regulations or any policies relating to academic matters are required to be approved by the Chair of UEC.

See **Appendix 4** for further information.
Classification algorithms

14. The University uses three algorithms to calculate final awards. Details of how each algorithm is applied is included in the University’s regulations for Examinations and Assessment, which are available to all students on the University’s website. Further information on how the algorithms are applied can be found at Appendix 5.

15. The University operates a borderline zone at each classification boundary. An Assessment Board will automatically award the higher classification where a student has met the following criteria:
   - a grand mean mark of up to 1% below the higher classification boundary, and
   - 50% or more of the credit that contributes to the award is in the higher classification band.

16. The University’s regulations permit the consideration of a classification where less than 50% of the credit that contributes to the award is in the higher classification band. In these cases, the Assessment Board has the discretion to reclassify based on the individual student profile for all stages of study contributing to the award.

17. Exceptional circumstances do not provide grounds for reclassification of an award.

18. Students are allowed a first attempt at every assessment followed by a capped resit should they fail to reach the minimum pass mark. Assessment Boards have the discretion to offer a second and final capped resit for one or more modules, provided 60 credits have been achieved at the same level. Students with approved exceptional circumstances are permitted a first sit or uncapped second sit. This is in line with sector norms.

Teaching practices and learning resources

19. The University is committed to ensuring that students receive a transformative, high-quality education and learning experience that will allow them to realise the futures that they want. The cross University work of the Educational Enhancement team and the Academic Quality and Partnership teams, provide a range of professional services to staff to support the development of high-quality teaching, learning and assessment.

20. The following three key enhancements illustrate improvements to teaching practices and learning resources:
   - The launch of Canvas in 2018-19 as the new Virtual Learning Environment has been pivotal to the University’s ambitions to provide students with a digitally advanced education enabling significant enhancement to the digital teaching and learning space for students and staff. Canvas is cloud-based to enable work to take place anytime, anywhere and is able to handle high usage volumes all year and addresses student feedback on the importance of reliable study resources.
   - An ongoing commitment to the professional development of staff to develop and enhance their education practice. This includes supporting staff to gain Fellowships of the HEA at the level appropriate to their experience and role, with all staff engaged in the activity of teaching and supporting learning encouraged to gain HEA-accredited qualifications.
   - The launch of a new Education Leadership Pathway to Promotion for all staff who wish to progress on the basis of their contribution to education excellence and leadership. The pathway follows the traditional academic career structure from Lecturer to Professor based
on evidence of the excellence of contribution to education provision within and beyond the University.

21. The University continues to develop its facilities and services to support the academic experience of our students. A suite of IT, Estates and Education and Research improvement projects are at various stages of development that include the refurbishment of existing teaching spaces, a wifi improvement project, the opening of a new Student Centre, the provision of a Student Enquiry system (My Sussex), and the procurement of a new student record system. The University is committed to working in partnership with the University of Sussex Student Union and to fostering an environment of co-creation with our Student Connectors who contribute to many of the projects identified above.

Identifying good practice and actions

22. In March 2018 Council approved the University’s Strategic Framework to 2025. The Learn to Transform (Education and Students) Strategy includes key aims, actions and performance indicators that underpin the delivery of the highest possible experience for all students. It includes the following key elements that specifically seek to improve the quality of the student experience and outcomes:

- A fundamental review of assessment and feedback to ensure inclusive practice, effective learning experiences and achievement of fair outcomes.
- Identify gaps in BAME student achievement, the causes of gaps and the development of strategies to improve outcomes.
- The effective use of learning analytics/BI to provide data in real time to inform practices and to allow for targeted interventions.
- Establishment of Education Networks for staff and students to share best practice and innovation.

The Learn to Transform Strategy should be fully realised by 2025.

23. The University has ambitious targets to significantly reduce current awarding gaps for BAME students progressively up to 2024/25. These include a new overarching KPI approved by Council in the summer 2021:

- The University will have no significant awarding gaps for measures of student success at institutional level by 2025.

And those contained within in the University’s current Access Agreement and Access and Participation Plan (APP) for UK students to:

- Reduce the awarding gap between Asian and white students from 21% to 4.2% by 2024/25 (eliminating the unexplained gap, based on OfS differences in student outcomes by ethnicity analysis), seeking to eliminate the remaining gap by 2029/30.
- Reduce the awarding gap between black and white students from 25% to 5% by 2024/25, (eliminating the unexplained gap, based on OfS differences in student outcomes by ethnicity analysis), seeking to eliminate the remaining gap by 2029/30.

24. The University is also committed to reducing the non-UK BAME awarding gap, bringing it down from 44% in 2019/20 to 14% by 2024/25 in line with the University’s OfS targets set through the Access and Participation Plan (APP) for UK White-Asian and UK White-Black awarding gaps.
25. The University is undertaking further research and analysis of its student outcomes to better understand the changes to our degree classification profile and, specifically determine the impact of the polices adopted during the pandemic (to mitigate the impact upon our students’ education), in order to maintain and ensure the long-term value of Sussex degrees.
Appendix 1: Response to the pandemic

Academic Year 2019-20

1. For 2019-20 the University created and adopted Force Majeure measures within the academic regulations which included the provision of a no detriment or ‘safety net’ policy for assessments taking place during the pandemic and the emergency lockdown measures put in place by the UK Government.

2. The ‘safety net’ policy worked on the basis of a set of principles designed to ensure that whilst maintaining academic quality and standards, where possible, no student would encounter any detriment in the awarding of grades for semester 2 as a result of COVID-19 such that students were able to complete their studies, that their assessments could be reliably assessed, and that progression and awards could be awarded securely. The safety net principles were as follows:

- The safety net would be applied where a student has passed all semester 2 modules
- The safety net would be based on the mean average for those modules completed in semester 1, including all fail grades. For modules that ran across the academic year or students had partial module marks because of accepted Exceptional Circumstances, the mean average would be calculated using marks achieved up to the end of the semester 1 assessment period (A1). Where this was the case, a weighting mechanism was applied to calculate the mean average for semester 1.
- Where student performance in semester 2 was lower than the mean average achieved in semester 1, marks for individual modules taken in semester 2 would be raised to the mean average achieved in semester 1.
- Where student performance in semester 2 exceeded the mean average achieved in semester 1, the actual marks for semester 2 would stand.
- For students with accepted Exceptional Circumstances from semester 1 and if offered first sit opportunities in the reassessment period (A4), the mean average for semester 1 was recalculated following A4 and the highest marks carried forward.

3. As part of the University’s response to the Pandemic, the decision was taken for all assessments that involved an in-person element to be amended (where required). Whilst in-person examinations were discontinued, online examinations were introduced. Where changes to assessment were required, these were approved by the School Education Committee and External Examiners consulted wherever practicable to do so.

4. Standard University regulations including those relating to pass marks, the application of reassessment opportunities, thresholds for progression and approved degree classification algorithms continued to apply throughout.

Academic Year 2020-21

5. As a consequence of the continued impact on assessment in 2021 and the return to lockdown in January 2021, the FM regulations and the No Detriment Policy were revisited to continue to effectively mitigate the ongoing effects of the COVID-19 pandemic upon student performance, ensuring no student would encounter detriment in the awarding of grades, whilst academic standards continued to be maintained.

6. The 2020-21 No Detriment Policy worked on the following basis:

- Module Assessment Boards (MABs) were provided with statistical data to enable them to review current student performance against the three-year historical mean for the module. Where there was evidence that current student cohort performance was 5% above or below the three-year mean average for the module, the MAB could consider one of the following
strategies (extracted from existing guidance on Scaling) to mitigate the impact:

- Reweight questions within an individual examination paper
- Zero weight a question
- Reweight the different assessment modes for the module
- Scaling of module marks

Where the MAB agreed to propose implementation of one of these strategies, the Chair of the MAB consulted with the relevant external examiner before making a recommendation to the Pro Vice-Chancellor (Education and Students) for approval.

7. Standard University regulations including those relating to pass marks, the application of reassessment opportunities, thresholds for progression and approved degree classification algorithms continued to apply throughout.

8. Examinations during 2020-21 continued to be online.

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1 The Scaling Policy permits scaling down where there is evidence that the overall marks distribution on the module for the cohort is out of line with previous performance. This capacity is retained.
Appendix 2: Institutional degree classification by demographic profile 2021

1. For 2021 the proportion of first class-degrees awarded rose. The number of upper second-class degrees rose, whilst the proportion of lower second-class degrees fell.

2. Home and EU students (89% of our final year undergraduate) achieved higher overall outcomes than our international students (11% of our students).

3. Throughout this period, white students have continued to achieve a higher proportion of first class or upper second degrees than students identifying as black and minority ethnic (BAME).

4. For UK domiciled students, there has been a slight reduction in the proportion of 1sts, and a very small increase in the percentage of 2:1s, for non-UK domiciled students the proportion of 1sts and 2:1s have risen over the period.

5. The data shows that for both UK and non-UK domiciled students, women have better good degree outcomes than men.

6. 1st/2:1 outcomes for students with a disability exceed those with no known disability in every year.
Appendix 3: Assessment and Marking Practices

The University assures itself that assessment criteria meet sector reference points through the following key routes:

• The rigorous design and development of courses, which culminates in consideration by a validation panel with requisite expertise, including internal and external representation. Course design and the panel’s considerations are referenced against the Framework for Higher Education Qualifications (FHEQ), Subject Benchmark Statements and all the necessary requirements of the UK Quality Code for Higher Education. Learning outcomes are aligned to the relevant level of the FHEQ and assessments are designed to test these learning outcomes.

• The accreditation and or recognition of courses by Professional, Statutory or Regulatory Bodies (PSRBs), demonstrating that specific standards or requirements are, and continue to be met.

• Marking criteria which set out the characteristics of assessed work that attract different ranges of marks from the marking scale, appropriate to the discipline, are produced annually by Boards of Study, and are kept under review by School Education Committees.

• The anonymous marking of all assessment, where this is practical, to ensure that there is no bias in the marking process.

• Assessments that contribute to progression or award are internally moderated and considered by external examiners to ensure consistency of marking.

• The operation of a rigorous external examiner appointment process, in line with UK Quality Code, which includes University led induction. Examiners are appointed to:
  o advise the University on whether the academic standards of its awards are consistent with the standards defined by the University, the standards of similar awards elsewhere and the standards maintained by professional bodies and accrediting agencies
  o provide an external evaluation of the extent to which processes for assessment, examination and the determination of awards are consistently and fairly applied.

• External Examiners are required to:
  o approve heavily weighted assessment tasks
  o review a sample of student work for the modules to which they are appointed,
  o participate in Assessment Boards where marks and awards are considered and confirmed
  o complete an annual report which provides their views on the assessment process. These reports are centrally screened so that issues related to assessment practice can be addressed.

• The University produces a summary of annual reports submitted by external examiners, including their views on academic standards and how they compare with the wider sector; these are considered annually by University Education Committee and reported to Senate.

• The University has participated in Advance HE’s External Examiner professional development training.

• External peers are appointed to the validation, revalidation and periodic review panels to provide external scrutiny.

• An Academic Appeals procedure is available to students and is independent from course and module teams to ensure fairness and rigour throughout the scheme.
The professional development of academic staff through a range of activities including acting as external examiners, undertaking research and scholarship and engaging in professional development including that leading to fellowship at all levels from Advance HE in recognition and development of their teaching practice.
Appendix 4: Academic Governance

1. The University Regulations articulate the academic governance of the University. Under Regulation 8 Senate is responsible for academic standards and the direction and regulation of academic matters. Senate provides annual assurance to Council (the Governing Body) that it continues to manage and oversee the academic standards of awards and related quality of learning opportunities. Council has consistently accepted this assurance.

2. The University Education Committee (UEC) is a committee of Senate and has delegated responsibility to oversee the value, academic standards and quality of the University’s awards through established processes for validation and revalidation, annual course monitoring and periodic review. UEC also maintains oversight of the external examiner system on behalf of Senate and receives annual reports that consistently provide assurance of undergraduate awards.

3. On behalf of UEC, the Examination and Assessment Regulations Sub-Committee (EAR) oversees the development and implementation of the University’s Examination and Assessment Regulations and associated policies for taught awards. EAR continues to monitor the workings of the University’s regulations, referring, where appropriate, to practice elsewhere in the sector. The underlying principles for this are a commitment to ensuring fairness in assessment and ensuring that the regulations support student retention, progression and achievement. Any recommendations for regulatory or associated procedural changes are referred to UEC for formal approval.

4. The University Education Committee receives an annual report on Degree Outcomes, which looks at outcome data over ten years, highlighting trends in both degree awarding patterns and awarding gaps between different groups of students. The report also compares University of Sussex outcomes against a self-selected peer competitor group and the sector as a whole.

5. The standards of the awards of the University are set and maintained within frameworks set out in:
   - Charter, Statues and Regulations of the University
   - Organisation of the University Handbook
   - Examination and Assessment Regulations Handbook
   - Quality assurance processes

6. External requirements including those in the QAA UK Quality Code for Higher Education are enshrined within these documents. These frameworks are approved through Senate and its sub-committees and are revised regularly to reflect changing demands and to improve efficiency.

7. The University’s processes relating to collaborative provision are mapped to the UK Quality Code and articulated in the Partner Handbook. Partner organisations delivering Sussex-validated provision are subject to additional quality assurance mechanisms over and above those applied to on-campus provision. These include:
   - Institutional Recognition (which takes place every 3-5 years)
   - course re-validation (every 3-5 years)
   - a detailed annual monitoring process

8. All processes report to the UEC. Each Partner organisation has its own set of academic regulations which are audited to ensure alignment with the principles underpinning Sussex’s regulations. Any changes to these regulations or any policies relating to academic matters are required to be approved by the Chair of UEC.
Appendix 5: Classification algorithms

The University uses three algorithms to calculate final awards. Details of how each algorithm is applied is included in the University’s Regulations for Examinations and Assessment, which is available to all students on the University’s website. Further information on how the algorithms are applied is outlined below:

1. **Three Year Bachelor’s Degree**

   A student who is registered on a 3-year Bachelors degree with Honours will be considered for the award where they have achieved not less than 360 credits at the prescribed level and a capped stage mean of 40% in the final year. Classification will be calculated using the following algorithm to achieve an overall grand mean:
   - Level 5 mean based on all 120 credits with a weighting of 40%
   - Level 6 mean based on all 120 credits from the final year with a weighting of 60%

2. **Four-year Bachelor’s degree including an integrated study abroad or a placement year**

   A student who is registered on a 4-year Bachelors degree with Honours, that includes an integrated study abroad or a placement year, will be considered for the award where they have achieved not less than 480 credits at the prescribed level and a capped stage mean of 40% in the final year. Classification will be calculated using the following algorithm to achieve an overall grand mean; will include the marks achieved on the study abroad/placement year:
   - Year 2/Level 5 mean based on all 120 credits with a weighting of 32%
   - Year 3 - Study Abroad/Placement Year mean based on all 120 credits with a weighting of 20%
   - Year 4/Level 6 mean based on all 120 credits with a weighting of 48%

3. **Four-year Integrated master’s degrees**

   A student who is registered on a 4-year Integrated Master’s degree will be considered for the award where they have achieved not less than 480 credits at the prescribed level and a capped stage mean of 50% in the final stage. Classification will be calculated using the following algorithm to achieve an overall grand mean:
   - Year 2/Level 5 mean based on all 120 credits with a weighting of 40%
   - Year 3/Level 6 mean based on all 120 credits with a weighting of 60%
   - Year 3/Level 7 mean based on all 120 credits at a ratio with a weighting of 65%

   The marks achieved on a voluntary study abroad/placement year do not contribute to classification. Classification will be calculated using the same algorithm applied to 3-year bachelor’s degrees (see 1) or an Integrated Master’s Degree (see 3).

**Classification**

The final classification of a student’s undergraduate award is determined using the following overall framework, which is in line with common practice for English higher education providers:

- An overall grand mean of 70 – 100%  
  First class honours
- An overall grand mean of 60 – 69%  
  Upper second-class honours
- An overall grand mean of 50 – 59%  
  Lower second-class honours
- An overall grand mean of 40 – 49%  
  Third class honours

In all calculations (module, stage and grand mean) the University rounds marks into a whole number. Marks equal to or greater than 0.45 are rounded up, those equal to or less than 0.44 are rounded down.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>University of Sussex – Degree Outcomes Statement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Version 2020</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Version 2021</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Version 2022</strong></td>
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