

Christoph Englert

Higgs under the Hood?

University of Sussex

15.05.2014



`t Hooft, "Under the Spell of the Gauge Principle"



Ws and Zs in 1983 at UA1/UA2 $m_W \simeq 80.42 \text{ GeV}$

 $m_Z \simeq 91.19 {
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How do you accommodate this in QFT? [Weinberg `67]

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• non-linear realisation of gauge symmetry in a Yang Mills+scalar sector is compatible with $\langle H \rangle \neq 0$

"spontaneous" symmetry breaking

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- non-linear realisation of gauge symmetry in a Yang Mills+scalar sector is compatible with $\langle H \rangle \neq 0$
- massive gauge bosons, but no ghost problems at small distances
 renormalizability, unitarity



SM seemingly complete after July 4th 2012, evidence for $J^{CP}=0^+$ and couplings to (longitudinal) massive gauge bosons



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Higgs properties sui generis:

particle relates to unitarity conservation and an excitation of an isotropic and translationally invariant background field.

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➡ ultraviolet catastrophe of the 21st century

Higgs physics: 21st century's UV catastrophe?



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Stabilizing Hierarchies: SUSY

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what are the ways out?

• Supersymmetry: "play with particle content"

enhanced external symmetry removes sensitivity to the UV,

good properties persist when SUSY is softly broken, only logarithmic sensitivity to UV scales reintroduced



Stabilizing Hierarchies: SUSY



Stabilizing Hierarchies: Conformal dynamics

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Coleman-Weinberg sector generates scale dynamically and transmits it via marginal couplings + "resummation"

[Hempfling `96] Meissner, Nicolai `08] [CE, Jaeckel, Khoze Spannowsky `13] [Abel, Mariotti `13]

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A bottom-up (B)SM Higgs programme

coupling measurements are determined by

- 1. unitarity
- 2. number of Higgs fields
- 3. gauge representation
- 4. experimental extraction
- 5. mechanism of ELW symmetry breaking
- 6. spectrum through quantum effects



similar analyses by [Ellis, You `12]

[Masso, Sanz `12]

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- [Klute, Lafaye, Plehn, Rauch, Zerwas `12]
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A bottom-up (B)SM Higgs programme



Let's try an additional 3 under $SU(2)_w$

...there's a price to pay in the rho parameter:

$$\left[\frac{m_W}{m_Z}\right]_{(3,1)} \neq \left[\frac{m_W}{m_Z}\right]_{(2,1)}$$

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tune vevs!



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$$\left[\frac{m_W}{m_Z}\right]_{(3,1)} = \left[\frac{m_W}{m_Z}\right]_{(2,1)} + \log s$$



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$$\Phi = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_{2}^{*} & \phi_{1} \\ -\phi_{1}^{*} & \phi_{2} \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad \Xi = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_{3}^{*} & \xi_{1} & \chi_{1} \\ -\chi_{2}^{*} & \xi_{2} & \chi_{2} \\ \chi_{1}^{*} & -\xi_{1}^{*} & \chi_{3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} U_{R}^{\dagger} & U_{L} & U_{R}^{\dagger} \end{pmatrix}$$

yet the quantum theory will still feel the presence of a **3**







gauge representation: exotics



[Logan, Roy `10] [Godfrey, Moats `10] [Chiang, Nomura, Tsumura `12] [CE, Re, Spannowsky `13, `13] [Chiang, Yagyu `13]

[on-going in ATLAS and CMS]





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(B)SM Higgs couplings: experimental extraction

• new contributions become relevant at high luminosity & energy

[Banfi, Martin, Sanz `13], [CE, McCullough, Spannowsky `13]

- quantum interference is your friend, and can be sizable in analyses of tails
- e.g. BDRS-like analyses of hZ production: our only shot at $h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$! Massive $t\bar{t}$ backgrounds, but manageable when the Higgs is boosted! [Butterworth, Davison, Rubin, Salam `08]

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+ NLO matching
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- + NLO matching
- + NNLO normalization

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[Kniehl `90] [Matsuura, Hamberg, van Neerven `90]

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Why is this important?



only U(1) and sterile neutrino mixing + Higgs Portals $\sim \lambda |H|^2 |\phi|^2$

→ a model-independent constraint on the total Higgs decay width is a game changer for particle physics and cosmology !

[CMS PAS HIG-14-002]

The total Higgs width



QUANTUM DIARIES

Thoughts on work and life from particle physicists from around the world.

Tevatron and LHC experiments so far. The week went on to include a spectacular CMS result on the Higgs width.

LIFEANDPHYSICS JONBUTTERWORTH

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How wide is a Higgs?

In accord with Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, short-lived particles have uncertain mass. So the Higgs boson, which gives mass to other particles, is uncertain about its own mass. New results from the CMS experiment at the CERN LHC have started to tell us how uncertain

ATLAS Experiment Blog

Mapping the Secrets of the Universe

boson width.) This new

measurement shows a remarkable sensitivity and constrains the Higgs boson width to be below 17 MeV, more than two orders of magnitude better than the previous limits! Standard Model 2.5 : New Physics 0. Only half a point here, as the Higgs boson is still allowed to decay into invisible new particles, less than 50% of the time, but this still leaves enough room for new physics to sneak in. It maybe the only place, actually.





1. on-shell measurement

dominated by h signal $\sigma_{h,g} \times BR(H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell) \sim$

$$\frac{g_{ggh}^2 \, g_{hZZ}^2}{\Gamma_h}$$





...so much for the theory, but is this really a measurement of the width? [CE, Spannowsky`14]



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q

g

 \mathcal{S}_{g}

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h

t, b, q

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$70 { m GeV}$	$\simeq 1.0$	$\simeq 5$	-2%
$170 \mathrm{GeV}$	$\simeq 1.0$	$\simeq 4.7$	+80%
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see also [Ghezzi, Passarino, Uccirati `14]

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- unknown BSM contributions become unconstrained for bounds approaching the SM hypothesis
- interpreted SM-like width measurement this analysis is never competitive: 2-like WWh coupling and zero hidden width bias gave $\Gamma_{\rm H} < 1.4 \ \Gamma_{\rm H}^{\rm SM}$ already yesterday [Dobrescu, Lykken `14]



• **<u>nothing wrong with the generic strategy:</u>** adapt to weak boson fusion + custodial isospin (small interference with GF, GF can be suppressed, H couplings to ZZ and WW directly reflect electroweak properties)

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coupling measurements are determined by $\frac{1}{2}$

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$$\mathcal{L}_{H} = (D_{\mu}H)^{\dagger}D^{\mu}H - V(\langle H \rangle) - V'(\langle H \rangle)(H - \langle H \rangle)$$
$$-\frac{1}{2}V''(\langle H \rangle)(H - \langle H \rangle)^{2} - \dots$$

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$$\mathcal{L}_{H} = (D_{\mu}H)^{\dagger}D^{\mu}H - V(\langle H \rangle) - V'(\langle H \rangle)(H - \langle H \rangle) = 0$$
$$= 0$$
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$$\sim m_{H}^{2}$$
self-couplings ??

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4. схрегинсица схи асной

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{L}_{H} &= (D_{\mu}H)^{\dagger} D^{\mu}H - V(\sqrt[3]{2} \mathbb{A}^{\mu} \mathbb{A}) - V'(\langle H \rangle)(H - \langle H \rangle) \\ &= 0 \\ &= 0 \\ &= 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} V''(\langle H \rangle)(H - \langle H \rangle)^{2} - \dots \\ &\sim m_{H}^{2} \\ &\qquad \text{self-couplings ??} \end{split}$$





The Higgs self-coupling(s)
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....[Plehn, Baur, Rainwater `03]

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$b\overline{b} au au$	Signal with $\zeta \times \{g_{WWhh}, g_{ZZhh}\}$			Background	
	$\zeta = 0$	$\zeta = 1$	$\zeta = 2$	$tar{t}jj$	Other BG
tau selection cuts	1.353	0.091	0.841	3101.0	57.06
Higgs rec. from taus	1.352	0.091	0.840	683.5	31.92
Higgs rec. from b jets	0.321	0.016	0.207	7.444	0.303
2 tag jets/re-weighting	0.184	0.010	0.126	5.284	0.236
incl. GF after cuts/re-weighting	0.273	0.099	0.214	5.284	0.236

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1/50...challenging, but deserves attention!

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- of course $t\bar{t}h$ production [Plehn, Salam, Spannowsky `10] [Soper, Spannowsky `12, `14] [Artoisenet et al. `13]
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- angular observables! [CE, Re`14]
- even in rare (but clean!) final states $c_t \gtrsim 0.5$ at 95..99% confidence level

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- 4. experimental extraction
- 5. mechanism of ELW symmetry breaking
- 6. spectrum through quantum effects



similar analyses by [Ellis, You `12]

[Masso, Sanz `12]

[Carmi, Falkowski, Kuflik, Volansky `12]

- [Klute, Lafaye, Plehn, Rauch, Zerwas `12]
- [Corbett, Eboli, Gonzalez-Fraile, et al. `12]
 - Trott `12]

naturalness

leaving footprints?

• obviously direct LHC measurements will have their sensitivity saturated by systematics \Rightarrow lepton collider physics



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• don't forget the B₀ functions !

$$\delta Z_h, \delta m_h^2 \sim \stackrel{h}{-} - - - \stackrel{h}{\frown} \sim \Lambda^0$$

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worst case: dark sector enforces naturalness

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250 GeV linear collider full EW corrections

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wellmotivated BSM interface

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don't know much about it wellmotivated BSM interface m_h is a relevant operator and a window to high scale dynamics

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