

GII Survey Report

Selection: United States of America.

1) **United States of America, 1874 - 1874 (Massachusetts Bureau of Labor)**

Survey ID: 2027

400 households

Ref ID: 94

Edward Young, *Labor in Europe and America: a special report on the rates of wages, the cost of subsistence, and the condition of the working classes in Great Britain, France, Belgium, Germany, and other countries of Europe, also in the United States and British America* (Washington DC: Government Printing Office, 1875)

2) **United States of America, 1885 - 1885 (Mass. Bureau Labor)**

Survey ID: 1286

30 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Ref ID: 1315

W.O. Atwater, *Eighteenth Annual Report* (Massachussets Bureau of Statistics of Labor, 1886)

3) **United States of America, 1888 - 1890**

Survey ID: 1069

165 households

Ref ID: 1059

William T. Thom, 'The Negroes of Sandy Spring, Maryland: A Social Study', *U.S. Dept. Labor Bull.*, No. 32 (1901), pp. 43-102.

Selection: United States of America.

4) **United States of America, 1889 - 1890**

Survey ID: 1071

438 households

Ref ID: 1061

Twelfth Annual Report (Missouri Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1890), pp. 395-569.

5) **United States of America, 1889 - 1890**

Survey ID: 1259

6,809 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Ref ID: 1279

Eighteenth Annual Report of the Commissioner of Labor, 1903. Cost of Living and Retail Prices of Food (Washington: Government Printing Office, 1904)

Ref ID: 278

Sixth Annual Report Of The Commissioner Of Labor, 1890. Cost Of Production: Iron, Steel, Coal, Etc. (Washington D.C.: United States Government Printing Office, 1891)

Ref ID: 228

Seventh Annual Report Of The Commissioner Of Labor, 1891. Cost Of Production: The Textiles And Glass (Washington D.C.: United States Government Printing Office, 1892)

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1269

Michael R. Haines, *Codebook: Cost of Living of Industrial Workers in the United States and Europe, 1888-1890, ICPSR 7711*

Ref ID: 1270

Frederick W. Moore, 'Review: Sixth Annual Report of the Commissioner of Labor 1890', *The Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science*, No. 2 (May 1892), pp. 135-146.

6) **United States of America, 1890 - 1890**

Survey ID: 1073

150 households

Ref ID: 1063

Thirteenth Annual Report (Missouri Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1891)

7) **United States of America, 1890 - 1891**

Survey ID: 1075

232 households

Ref ID: 1065

United States Congress Senate Committee on Finance, *Retail Prices and Wages, 52nd Cong., 1st sess., S. Com. Rept. (1892)*, pp. 2040-2097.

8) **United States of America, 1890 - 1891**

Survey ID: 1076

1,082 households

Notes: .

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1066

Fifth Annual Report (Maine Bureau of Industrial Labor Statistics, 1891-2)

9) **United States of America, 1891 - 1891**

Survey ID: 1077

519 households

Ref ID: 1067

Annual report[s] (Topeka: Kansas Bureau of Labor and Industry of Kansas, 1894-1896)

10) **United States of America, 1892 - 1893 (Private - Group, Richards and Shapleigh)**

Survey ID: 1287

54 households

Sample Duration: 1 Week(s)

Ref ID: 1317

Ellen H. Richards and Amelia Shapleigh, 'Dietary Studies in Philadelphia and Chicago, 1892-3.', U.S. Department of Agriculture Official Expedition Stations Bulletin, No. 129 (1903), pp. 37-98.

11) **United States of America, 1893 - 1894**

Survey ID: 1078

711 households

Ref ID: 1068

Annual Report (New Hampshire Bureau of Labor, 1894)

Selection: United States of America.

12) **United States of America, 1894 - 1894**

Survey ID: 1079

2,488 households

Ref ID: 1069

Twelfth Annual Report. (pt 1) (Michigan Bureau of Labor and Industrial Statistics, 1895)

13) **United States of America, 1894 - 1895**

Survey ID: 1080

4,620 households

Ref ID: 1070

Annual Report (Michigan Bureau of Labor and Industrial Statistics, 1896), pp. 1-227.

14) **United States of America, 1895 - 1895**

Survey ID: 1081

423 households

Ref ID: 1071

Seventh Biennial Report (Wisconsin Bureau of Labor, Industrial and Census Statistics, 1896), pp. 178-316.

15) **United States of America, 1895 - 1896**

Survey ID: 1082

1,265 households

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1072

The Italians in Chicago: A Social and Economic Study, U. S. Commr. Labor Spec. Report No. 9 (United States Department of Labor, 1897)

16) **United States of America, 1895 - 1895 (Dept. Agriculture)**

Survey ID: 1276

3 households

Sample Duration: 2 Week(s)

Ref ID: 1304

Arthur Goss, 'Dietary Studies in New Mexico in 1895', *Department of Agriculture Office of Experiment Stations Bulletin, No. 40 (1897)*

17) **United States of America, 1895 - 1896 (Private - Group, Atwater and Bryant)**

Survey ID: 1288

53 households

Ref ID: 1318

W.O. Atwater and A.P. Bryant, 'Dietary Studies in Chicago in 1895 and 1896', *U.S. Department of Agriculture Official Expedition Statistical Bulletin, No. 55 (1898)*

18) **United States of America, 1895 - 1896 (Private - Group, Atwater and Woods)**

Survey ID: 1289

21 households

Sample Duration: 1 Week(s)

Ref ID: 1319

W.O. Atwater and Charles D. Woods, 'Dietary Studies in New York City in 1895 and 1896', *U.S. Department of Agriculture Official Expedition Statistical Bulletin, No. 46 (1898)*

Selection: United States of America.

19) **United States of America, 1895 - 1896 (Private - Individual, Bevier)** Survey ID: 1290

6 households Sample Duration: 1 Week(s)

Ref ID: 1320

Isabel Bevier, 'Nutritional Investigations in Pittsburgh, PA, 1895-96', *U.S. Department of Agriculture Official Expedition Statistical Bulletin*, No. 52 (1898)

20) **United States of America, 1897 - 1898 (Department of Agriculture)** Survey ID: 1277

19 households Sample Duration: 1 Week(s)

Ref ID: 1305

Hollis B. Frissell and Isabel Bevier, 'Dietary Studies of Negroes in Eastern Virginia in 1897 and 1898', *Department of Agriculture Office of Experiment Stations Bulletin*, No. 71 (1899)

21) **United States of America, 1898 - 1898** Survey ID: 1083

294 households

Ref ID: 1073

Fourteenth Annual Report (Kansas Bureau of Labor and Industrial Statistics, 1899)

22) **United States of America, 1898 - 1899** Survey ID: 1084

477 households

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1074

Seventh Biennial Report (Colorado Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1900)

23) **United States of America, 1899 - 1899**

Survey ID: 1085

713 households

Ref ID: 1075

Fifteenth Annual Report (Kansas Bureau of Labor and Industry, 1900)

24) **United States of America, 1899 - 1900**

Survey ID: 1086

135 households

Ref ID: 1076

Fourteenth Annual Report (Maine Bureau of Industrial and Labor Statistics, 1901)

25) **United States of America, 1900 - 1900**

Survey ID: 1087

403 households

Ref ID: 1077

Sixteenth Annual Report (Kansas Bureau of Labor and Industry, 1901)

Selection: United States of America.

26) **United States of America, 1900 - 1902 (BLS)**

Survey ID: 1260

25,440 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: Survey of expenditures for one year of 24,440 workingmen's families located in the principal industrial centres of the United States. The families were distributed over 33 states and the proportion in each geographical division corresponds very closely to its importance in an industrial sense. Families selected without any reference to industry.

Data related to the cost of living is representative of the conditions existing among wage workers of the whole country.

Information on family conditions, income of the family, occupation, earnings, quantity of food consumed.

Investigation limited to families of wage workers and of persons on salaries not exceeding \$1,200 per year, no attempt being made to cover families of persons engaged in business on their own account.

All schedules cover a period of 1 year, and nearly all schedules cover a year ending some time during the calendar year 1901 although, in a few instances, the schedule year ended in the latter part of 1900 or the early part of 1902.

Ref ID: 1279

Eighteenth Annual Report of the Commissioner of Labor, 1903. Cost of Living and Retail Prices of Food (Washington: Government Printing Office, 1904)

27) **United States of America, 1900 - 1904 (Department of Agriculture Office of Experiment Stations)**

Survey ID: 1278

37 households

Sample Duration: 4 Year(s)

Ref ID: 1306

Joseph L. Hills, Charles E. Wait and H.C White, 'Dietary Studies in Rural Regions in Vermont, Tennessee, and Georgia', Department of Agriculture Office of Experiment Stations Bulletin, No. 221 (1909)

Selection: United States of America.

28) **United States of America, 1901 - 1901**

Survey ID: 1088

148 households

Ref ID: 1078

William T. Thom, 'The Negroes of Litwalton, Virginia: A Social Study of the "Oyster Negro"', *U.S. Dept. Labor Bull.*, No. 37 (1901), pp. 1115-1170.

29) **United States of America, 1901 - 1902**

Survey ID: 1090

614 households

Ref ID: 1080

Biennial Report No. 1 (Kansas Bureau of Labor and Industry, 1903)

30) **United States of America, 1901 - 1901**

Survey ID: 1230

11,156 households

Ref ID: 1223

H. S J., 'Reviewed Work: Erhebung von Wirtschaftsrechnungen Minderbemittelter Familien im Deutschen Reiche', *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society*, Vol. 73, No. 1 (Wiley for the Royal Statistical Society, 1910)

31) **United States of America, 1902 - 1902**

Survey ID: 1091

152 households

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1081

'Thirty-Second Annual Report', [Mass.] Bureau of Statistics of Labor, Vol. 32, No. 3 (1902), pp. 254-314.

32) **United States of America, 1902 - 1905**

Survey ID: 1092

200 households

Ref ID: 1082

Louise B. More, *Wage Earners' Budgets: A Study of Standards and Cost of Living in New York City* (New York, 1907)

33) **United States of America, 1903 - 1904**

Survey ID: 1093

1,348 households

Ref ID: 1083

***Biennial Report No. 2* (Kansas Bureau of Labor and Industry, 1905)**

34) **United States of America, 1905 - 1906**

Survey ID: 1094

335 households

Ref ID: 1084

***Twenty-Second Annual Report* (Kansas Bureau of Labor and Industry, 1907)**

35) **United States of America, 1906 - 1907**

Survey ID: 1095

390 households

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1085

Twenty-Third Annual Report (Kansas Bureau of Labor and Industry, 1908)

36) **United States of America, 1906 - 1910**

Survey ID: 1096

200 households

Ref ID: 1086

Martha B. Bruere and Robert W. Bruere, Increasing Home Efficiency (New York, 1912)

37) **United States of America, 1907 - 1907**

Survey ID: 1097

242 households

Ref ID: 1087

First Annual Report (Oklahoma Department of Labor, 1908)

Selection: United States of America.

38) **United States of America, 1907 - 1907 (Academic - Institutional, Eight New York State Conference of Charities and Corrections)** Survey ID: 1098

391 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: The families were selected on the basis of their willingness and ability to give the information that was sought. Dependent families were excluded, and the visitors tried to find families of normal composition and of moderate size, that is, having both parents living and from 2 to 4 children under 16 years of age. Attention was concentrated on families having an income of from 1,500 to 11,000 a year.

The 391 families whose budgets are discussed in the text of the report have been grouped by nationality, location, income, and occupation.

642 schedules were received from Greater New York; 251 were discarded.

Russell Sage Foundation paid for the costs of the survey which was conducted by the Special Committee of the Eight New York State Conference of Charities and Corrections.

Ref ID: 1088

Robert C. Chapin, *The Standard of Living Among Workingmen's Families in New York City* (New York: Russell Sage Foundation, Charities Publication Committee, 1909)

39) **United States of America, 1907 - 1909** Survey ID: 1102

2,421 households

Ref ID: 1092

Charles P. Neill, *Cotton Textiles Industry' in United States Department of Commerce and Labor, Report on Condition of Woman and Child Wage-Earners in the United States, 61st Cong., 2nd sess, S. Doc. 645, v. 1, (1910), pp. 413-516, 756-762, 824-931, 1014.*

- 40) **United States of America, 1907 - 1907 (Private - Individual, Underhill)** Survey ID: 1291
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100 households

Ref ID: 1321

Frank P. Underhill and Chapin Robert, 'Report on Nutrition Investigation' in: *The Standard of Living Among Workingmen's Families in New York City* (New York: Russell Sage Foundation, 1909)

- 41) **United States of America, 1908 - 1908 (resident's Home Commission)** Survey ID: 1099
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1,217 households Sample Duration: 5 Month(s)

Notes: Sociological study of 1,251 families conducted during the months of February to June. The plan of the President's Home Commission was to investigate only those families whose incomes were below \$1,000/annum. Investigation of both white and African-American families in a proportion similar to the total population of Washington DC.

Ref ID: 1089

Gustavus A. Weber, *Sociological Study of 1,251 Families. Report of Committee on Social Beterment of the President's Homes Commission* (Washington: The President's Home Commission, 1908)

- 42) **United States of America, 1909 - 1909** Survey ID: 1103
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212 households

Ref ID: 1093

***Twelfth Biennial Report* (Minnesota Bureau of Labor Industries and Commerce, 1910)**

- 43) **United States of America, 1909 - 1909** Survey ID: 1104
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637 households

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1094

Fourteenth Report (Iowa Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1910)

44) **United States of America, 1909 - 1909 (Oklahoma Department of Labor)**

Survey ID: 1105

225 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: Investigation of 225 families living in the state of Oklahoma for the year 1909. The investigation covers cost of living, savings, income, investment, occupation and employment.

Data gathered from the principal industrial centres of the state by mail.

Ref ID: 1095

Third Annual Report (Oklahoma Department of Labor, 1910)

45) **United States of America, 1909 - 1909 (Board Of Trade)**

Survey ID: 1106

7,616 households

Sample Duration: 1 Month(s)

Notes: Condition of working classes in certain industrial towns of the US. Particularly focused on wages, hours of labour, rents and housing conditions, retail prices of food and the expenditure of working-class families on food.

As a UK Board of Trade study, it followed guidelines adopted in other countries. It began in February 1909 and the whole statistical data were collected with reference to that date.

28 towns were investigated. All but two of them lie on the east of the Mississippi river. Towns were chosen because of their representative industrial character or their intrinsic importance.

Constant comparison with October 1905 UK study results.

Weekly expenditure for food and rent incurred in wage-earning families. The survey attempted to obtain a body of returns that would be as representative as possible of the various towns covered in the enquiry. The sources through which the actual particulars were obtained were varied.

The budgets obtained, numbering 8,080 in all, were subjected to scrutiny and 464 were rejected due to incompleteness, internal inconsistency or other causes. 7,616 remained available for statistical purposes.

In the analysis of the data, much emphasis was placed on the nationality of the head of household.

Ref ID: 1096

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Great Britain Board of Trade, *Cost of Living in American Towns: Report of an Enquiry by the Board of Trade into working-class rents, housing, and retail prices, together with the rates of wages in certain occupations in the principle industrial towns of the United States of America, with an introductory memorandum and a comparison of conditions in the United States and in the United Kingdom* (London: H.M.S.O., 1911)

46) **United States of America, 1909 - 1909**

Survey ID: 1107

106 households

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1097

George F. Warren, *Farm Management* (New York, 1914)

47) **United States of America, 1909 - 1910**

Survey ID: 1108

184 households

Ref ID: 1098

J. C. Kennedy et al, *Wages and Family Budgets in the Chicago Stockyards District, with wage statistics from other industries employing unskilled labor: A study of Chicago's Stockyards Community* (Chicago, 1914)

48) **United States of America, 1910 - 1911**

Survey ID: 1109

138 households

Ref ID: 1099

***Fifteenth Biennial Report* (Iowa Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1912)**

49) **United States of America, 1911 - 1911**

Survey ID: 1110

348 households

Ref ID: 1100

Asa E. Martin, *Our Negro Population: A Sociological Study of the Negroes of Kansas City, Mo.* (Kansas City, 1913)

Selection: United States of America.

50) **United States of America, (circa) 1912 - 1912**

Survey ID: 1111

184 households

Ref ID: 1101

Thomas J. Woofter, 'The Negroes of Athens, Georgia', *Ga. Niv. Bull.*, Vol. 14, No. 4 (1913), pp. 1-62.

51) **United States of America, 1912 - 1922**

Survey ID: 1366

30 households

Ref ID: 1407

Oliver R. Johnson, 'Costs of Family Living on the Farm', *Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station Bulletin*, No. 213 (1924)

52) **United States of America, 1914 - 1915**

Survey ID: 1112

103 households

Ref ID: 1102

Samuel T. Bitting, *Rural Land Ownership among Negroes of Virginia, with special reference to Albermarle County* (Va. Univ. Pubs., 1916)

53) **United States of America, 1914 - 1914**

Survey ID: 1836

unknown # of households

Notes: Survey of different cities of Washington State carried out in 1914.

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1875

'Cost of Living-State of Washington', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 3, No. 2 (1916), pp. 203-204.

54) **United States of America, 1916 - 1916 (Bureau of Labor Statistics)**

Survey ID: 1113

2,110 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: On December 20, 1916, a joint resolution was made authorizing and directing the Department of Labor to make an inquiry into the cost of living in the District of Columbia.

The Bureau of Labor Statistics began the study in January, 1917, and completed the field work in June. Incomes and expenditures for the calendar year 1916 were obtained as well as other relevant measures that pertained to the increasing cost of living in 1917. The inquiry was divided into two parts: first, cost of living of families, and second, cost of living of wage-earning women.

To record the incomes and expenditures of families, investigators were sent out to interview housewives in their homes. To insure a fair representation of the working population of Washington, including Government clerks, the city was divided into districts and a fair proportion of schedules was obtained from each district.

Schedules were obtained from 1,481 white families and from 629 African-American families, making a total of 2,110. Only those households were included whose principal breadwinner worked for wages or, if paid a salary, received not more than \$1,800 a year. Families with incomes from sources other than the earnings of the head of the house were included, however, even though the total income exceeded \$1,800. No families were taken which had not resided in the District of Columbia for the whole of 1916.

Ref ID: 1103

'Cost of Living in the District of Columbia [notes]', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 5, No. 4 (1917), pp. 639-663.

55) **United States of America, 1916 - 1918**

Survey ID: 1114

260 households

Ref ID: 1104

William C. Beyer, Rebekah P. Davis and Myra Thwing, *Workingmen's Standard of Living in Philadelphia* (New York, 1919)

56) **United States of America, 1916 - 1916 (BLS)**

Survey ID: 2063

676 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: As a part of tile cost of living study in the District of Columbia for the year 1916, a special study was made of wage-earning women.

This study was made for the purpose of finding out how working women live, with special reference to the manner in which they apportion the expenditure of their incomes between food, clothing, rent, and the other items of expenditure. The study was confined to women receiving incomes less than \$1,100 per year.

In the selection of working women an effort was made to obtain a fair representation from the various industrial employments open to women in the city of Washington. No occupations, except those of trained nurse, domestic servant, and washerwoman, were excluded.

The total number of schedules obtained was 676, of which 600 were from white women and 76 from African-American women.

Ref ID: 2039

'Cost of Living in the District of Columbia - Fourth Article - Wage-Earning Women: Who They Are and What They Do [notes]', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 6, No. 1 (1918), pp. 1-12.

57) **United States of America, 1917 - 1918 (Bureau of Labor Statistics)**

Survey ID: 1115

5,227 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: Data in 35 localities along the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts and on the Great Lakes. Reports' were obtained from white families in all of these localities and from African-American families in nine localities.

The enquiry was made by the Bureau of Labor Statistics in cooperation with the Wage Adjustment Board of the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

Detail family expenditures for the year ending 31 March 1918 were secured through personal visits to the homes of families of workers in shipyards and of other families in the localities in which shipbuilding workers resided.

Ref ID: 1105

Bureau of Labor Statistics, 'Cost of living in Shipbuilding Centers', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 7, No. 2; 3; 4; 6 (1918), pp. 131-135; 115-122; 112-116; 115-146.

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1988

'Prices and Cost of Living [notes]', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 7, No. 6 (1918), pp. 1572-1639.

58) **United States of America, 1917 - 1917 (Private - Group, League for Preventative Action)** Survey ID: 1292

200 households Sample Duration: 1 Week(s)

Ref ID: 1322

Michael M. Davis, *Food Supply in Families of Limited Means: A Study of Present Facts of the Food Problem in Boston Families, By Six Welfare Agencies, Members of the League for Preventative Work* (Boston: League for Preventative Work, 1917)

59) **United States of America, 1917 - 1917 (Private - Individual, Stites)** Survey ID: 1293

11 households Sample Duration: 1 Week(s)

Ref ID: 1323

Sara H. Stites, 'A Study of the Cost of Living of Working Class Families in Roxbury, Mass.', *Journal of Home Economics*, Vol. 10: 147 (1918), pp. 147-158.

60) **United States of America, 1918 - 1918 (chamber of Commerce of Spokane)** Survey ID: 1116

240 households Sample Duration: 1 Month(s)

Notes: The chamber of Commerce of Spokane, Washington, conducted an inquiry into the cost of living of that city.

2,000 questionnaires were distributed among the employees of a wide range of industries. Only 240 were returned in usable form. Data was obtained for the month of October 1918.

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1106

Bureau of Labor Statistics, 'Cost of living in Spokane, Wash', *Monthly Labor Rev.*, Vol. 8, No. 2 (1919), pp. 113.

61) **United States of America, 1918 - 1919 (Government - Statistical Office)**

Survey ID: 1117

12,096 households

Sample Duration: 2 Year(s)

Notes: These families were fairly well scattered, but the distribution was based upon the fact that the information was primarily sought by the United States Shipping Board; hence shipbuilding centers received possibly more consideration than they would in a budgetary survey intended to furnish a representative cross-section of the entire industrial population of the United States.

Working-class families in 92 industrial centers of the country during 1918-19.

Ref ID: 1107

Bureau of Labor Statistics, 'Cost of living in the United States', *Retail Prices and Cost of Living Ser. Bull.*, No. 357 (1924)

Ref ID: 1324

William F. Ogburn, 'A Study of Food Costs in Various Cities', *U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics. Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 9, No. 2 (1919), pp. 1-25.

Selection: United States of America.

62) **United States of America, 1918 - 1918 (National Consumer League)**

Survey ID: 2062

100 households

Sample Duration: 2 Month(s)

Notes: The purpose of this survey was to examine the cost of living amongst wage-earning women in Baltimore and how their incomes meet their needs.

Findings can be compared to results of a larger investigation of 600 women employed in the neighbouring city of Washington (study carried out throughout 1916). This enquiry took place over a shorter period and with less investigators but the questionnaire was almost the same.

In Baltimore, during January and February 1918, 134 women and girl wage-earners were interviewed and the detailed schedules of the cost of living of 100 of these persons form the basis for this study. 34 were excluded because they had not yet had a full year's experience in industry or had not lived so long in Baltimore or because of the incompleteness in the material they furnished.

Acquaintance with the workers was made through cooperation with industrial clubs and organisations of wage-earning women and girls, through working girls' homes and other social agencies related to women and girls in industry.

Ref ID: 2038

Josephine A. Roche, *Wage earning women and girls in Baltimore : a study of the cost of living in 1918* (New York: National Consumers' League, 1918)

63) **United States of America, 1919 - 1919 (Private - Individual, Federal Reserve Bank of New York)**

Survey ID: 1118

1,901 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: Objective: ascertaining changes in the cost of living of bank employees with a view to affording a basis for changes in salaries in accordance with such changes in the cost of living.

Information obtained by the Division of Analysis and Research of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

A questionnaire was prepared and distributed to all employees of Federal Reserve Banks receiving salaries of less than \$5,000 per annum, requesting information on expenditures for the calendar year 1919. The questionnaire was divided into 2 sections, one to be filled by head of families and the other to be used by those giving their own individual expenditures.

Data was collected from 1,901 families, and 819 of those were used in the analysis.

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1108

Federal Reserve Board, 'Adjusting Salaries of Bank Employees to meet changes in the cost of living', *Fed Reserve Bull.*, No. 12 (1920), pp. 1293-1295.

64) **United States of America, 1919 - 1919**

Survey ID: 1119

861 households

Ref ID: 1109

Ellis L. Kirkpatrick and Jesse T. Sanders, 'The Relation between the ability to pay and the standard of living among farmers: A socio-economic study of 861 white farm families of Kentucky, Tennessee, and Texas', *US Dept Agr Bull*, No. 1382 (1926)

65) **United States of America, 1919 - 1920**

Survey ID: 1120

154 households

Ref ID: 1110

Ellis L. Kirkpatrick and Jesse T. Sanders, 'The cost of living among colored farm families of selected localities of Kentucky, Tennessee, and Texas. A Preliminary Report', *US Dept. Agr., Bur. Agr. Econ.* (1925)

66) **United States of America, 1920 - 1921**

Survey ID: 1121

402 households

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1111

Ellis L. Kirkpatrick, 'The standard of life in a typical section of diversified farming', *N.Y. Cornell Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull.*, No. 423 (1923)

67) **United States of America, 1920 - 1921**

Survey ID: 1122

1,819 households

Ref ID: 1112

Benjamin G. Childs, *The Negroes of Lynchburg, Virginia* (Charlottesville: Va. Univ. Pubs., 1923)

68) **United States of America, 1920 - 1921 (Academic - Institutional, University of California)**

Survey ID: 1841

82 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: This study of the incomes and expenditures of 82 families of the San Francisco Typographical Union was made by Prof. Jessica B. Peixotto, of the University of California, who investigated families that she considered to have a living wage.

The constitute a fair index of the spending tendencies' of educated wage earners. The investigation was made between September 15 and November 15, 1921, and the earnings and expenditures reported were for the preceding 12 months.

The original plan for the study contemplated a random and impartial sample of the entire membership. In October 1921, the Union estimated a membership of 1,300, but could only furnish 300 addresses. 150 agreed to be interviewed and finally only 82 were used.

Ref ID: 2041

Jessica B. Peixotto, 'Cost of Living Studies. II. How Workers spend a Living wage. A study of the Incomes and Expenditures of eighty-two typographers' families in San Francisco', *University of California Publications in Economics*, Vol. 5, No. 3 (1929), pp. 161-245.

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1882

'How 82 Skilled Workers' Families Spent Their Income', Vol. 30, No. 3 (1930), pp. 204-205.

69) **United States of America, 1921 - 1921 (Bureau of Municipal Research)**

Survey ID: 2061

unknown # of households

Sample Duration: 1 Month(s)

Notes: Due to the importance of cost of living in municipal salary standardisation, the Bureau of Municipal Research of NYC gathered data to investigate what was required to maintain a standard of living to a minimum "health and decency level" in NYC at the time.

The focus was on low-salaried clerical workers: public employees and those engaged in commercial and banking enterprises.

No income distribution is given and no methodological information is provided.

Ref ID: 2037

William Eugene Mosher, *Quantity and cost budgets for clerical workers in New York City, April, 1921* (New York: Bureau of Municipal Research, 1921)

70) **United States of America, (circa) 1922 - 1922**

Survey ID: 1123

299 households

Notes: A study of the cost of living in 12 coal-mining centres: Belleville, Herrin, Pana, Clinton, Bellaire, Nelsonville, New Philadelphia, Barnesboro, Carnegie, Uniontown, Clarksburg and Montgomery. Data were secured from 25 families in each locality, 20 of these being families where the husband or principal wage earner was employed in or about the coal mines and 5 where the husband was employed in some other industry.

Ref ID: 1113

'Cost of living in Coal-Mining Towns', *Monthly Labor Rev.*, Vol. 14, No. 4 (1922), pp. 8-12.

Selection: United States of America.

71) **United States of America, 1922 - 1922**

Survey ID: 1124

1,014 households

Notes: .

Ref ID: 1114

Carl C. Taylor and Carle C. Zimmerman, *Economic and Social Conditions of North Carolina Farmers, based on a Survey of 1,000 North Carolina farmers in three typical counties of the state* (N.C. Dept. of Agr., Tenancy Com., 1923)

72) **United States of America, 1922 - 1923**

Survey ID: 1125

712 households

Ref ID: 1115

Bertha M. Nienburg, *Cost of living and retail prices in the Anthracite Region, U.S. Coal Comn. Rept., pt II., Anthracite-Detailed Studies* (1925)

73) **United States of America, 1922 - 1923**

Survey ID: 1126

451 households

Ref ID: 1116

George H. von Tungeln, John F. Thaden and Ellis L. Kirkpatrick, 'Cost of Living on Iowa Farms', *Iowa Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull.*, No. 237 (1928)

Selection: United States of America.

74) **United States of America, 1922 - 1924 (USDA)**

Survey ID: 1127

2,886 households

Notes: Study carried on by the USDA in cooperation with 12 colleges or universities. The schedule used for gathering data was prepared by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics and the Bureau of Home Economics.

The schedule was planned to show: tenure, acres per farm and value, sex, age, schooling of family members, quantities and value of consumption, etc.

Information obtained was by given by the 'home-maker', sometimes with help from the operator or from an adult son or daughter.

The field work for the separate units of study was done by students or teachers.

The economic level of farm resources and of farm family living was the chief consideration in the selection of localities represented in this study. Localities with indications of extremely high or extremely low economic levels were avoided. Only white farm families were included.

States studied: New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Kentucky, South Carolina, Alabama, Missouri, Kansas, Iowa and Ohio.

No methodological information was provided on the collection of data.

Ref ID: 1117

Ellis L. Kirkpatrick, 'The Farmer's standard of living: A Socio-Economic Study of 2,886 White Farm Families of Selected Localities in 11 States', U.S. Dept. Agr. Bull., No. 1466 (Nov. 1926), pp. 1-63.

75) **United States of America, 1922 - 1923 (Private - Individual, Edith Hawley)**

Survey ID: 1279

1,331 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Ref ID: 1307

Edith Hawley, 'Average Quantity, Cost and Nutritive Value of Food Consumed by Farm Families: Food Consumed during One Year by 1, 331 Farm Families of Selected Localities in Kansas, Kentucky, Missouri, and Ohio: A Preliminary Report', U.S. Department of Agriculture Bureau of Home Economics (1926)

76) **United States of America, 1923 - 1923**

Survey ID: 1128

227 households

Ref ID: 1118

Annual Report (Missouri Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1924)

77) **United States of America, 1923 - 1923**

Survey ID: 1129

451 households

Ref ID: 1119

John F. Thaden, 'Standard of living on Iowa Farms', *Iowa Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull.*, No. 238 (1928), pp. 82-136.

78) **United States of America, 1923 - 1924**

Survey ID: 1130

498 households

Ref ID: 1120

Ellis L. Kirkpatrick and James A. Dickey, *Living conditions and family living in farm homes of Schoharie county, NY. A preliminary report* (U.S. Dept. Agr., Bur. Agr. Econ, 1925)

79) **United States of America, 1923 - 1924**

Survey ID: 1131

342 households

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1121

John O. Rankin and Eleanor H. Hinman, 'A summary of the standard of living in Nebraska farm homes', *Nebr. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull.*, No. 267 (1932)

80) **United States of America, 1923 - 1924 (Private - Individual, Edith Hawley)**

Survey ID: 1280

86 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Ref ID: 1308

Edith Hawley, 'The Quantity, Money Value, and Nutritive Value of Food Consumed by 86 Farm Families in Frankline County, Vermont in 1923-24: A Preliminary Report', *U.S. Department of Agriculture Bureau of Home Economics (1927)*

81) **United States of America, 1924 - 1924**

Survey ID: 1132

1,360 households

Ref ID: 1122

Jesse T. Sanders, 'The Economic and Social Aspects of Mobility of Oklahoma Farmers', *Okla. Agr. Expt., Sta. Bull.*, No. 195 (1929)

82) **United States of America, 1924 - 1924**

Survey ID: 1133

176 households

Ref ID: 1123

William D. Nicholls, 'Farm Tenancy in Central Kentucky', *Ky. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull.*, No. 303 (1930), pp. 123-185.

Selection: United States of America.

83) **United States of America, 1924 - 1924**

Survey ID: 1134

385 households

Ref ID: 1124

Thomas C. McCormick, 'Farm standards of living in Faulkner county, Arkansas', *Ark, Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull.*, No. 279 (1932)

84) **United States of America, 1924 - 1925 (Academic - Institutional, C. Zimmerman and Division of Agricultural Economics)**

Survey ID: 1135

357 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: The main aim of the study was aid the improvement of rural living.

It covered 347 families in seven counties and was conducted by C. Zimmerman with assistance from C. Howe during the fall of 1925. Data was gathered on receipts, expenditure and living conditions of typical Minnesota farm families. Typical communities were picked by the use of census data. The investigators went to these communities and secured information from about 50 contiguous farm families, each visiting about 4 families a day.

The study was a joint project between C. Zimmerman (research Specialist in Rural Sociology of the Agricultural Experiment Station) and the Division of Agricultural Economics.

An equal number of farm families was visited on each of the roads leading into town and as many farms distant from town were visited as near town. They were taken in order on each road.

Data were taken for the crop year 1924-5, the exact period being August 1 1924 to July 31 1925.

Very detailed living and farm expenditure information was recorded, mainly by community/area.

Ref ID: 1125

Carle C. Zimmerman and John D. Black, 'How Minnesota Farm Family Incomes are spent; An interpretation of a one year's study, 1924-25', *Minn. Agr, Expt. Sta. Bull.*, No. 234 (St Paul: University of Minnesota, 1927)

Selection: United States of America.

85) **United States of America, 1924 - 1925 (Academic - Institutional, Heller Committee for Research in Social Economics, University of California)** Survey ID: 1138

98 households Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: Survey carried out by the Heller Committee for Research in Social Economics, University of California.

It was undertaken in order to ascertain the "spending ways" of a group of semiskilled workers and their dependents and selected families living on an income of between \$1,600 and \$2,000 in the East Bay cities of Alameda County.

In the judgment of the committee, street-railway men represented workers who stood between the highly skilled topographers of a preceding study and casual labourers. The detailed estimates of the incomes and expenditures of these 98 were secured for the 12 months ending with June, 1925.

In June 1925 the Oakland division of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electrical Railway Employees agreed to cooperate in an investigation of the cost of living of their members. This organisation claimed 1,050 members, including employees of the street railways in the East Bay cities and of the electric interurban cars which met the Key Route Ferry from San Francisco. Interviews were obtained with 109 families, and 11 schedules were deemed to be problematic, resulting in 98 returns that were used.

Ref ID: 2042

'Cost of Living Studies IV: Spending Ways of a Semiskilled Group.', *University of California Publication in Economics*, Vol. 8, No. 5 (1931), pp. 295-366.

Ref ID: 1877

'Incomes and Expenditures of Street-Car Men's Families', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 32, No. 6 (1931), pp. 212-215.

Ref ID: 1128

'A Californian Family Budget Enquiry', *Int'l Lab. Rev*, Vol. 24: 87 (1931)

86) **United States of America, 1924 - 1924 (Private - Individual, Houghteling)** Survey ID: 1294

54 households Sample Duration: 1 Month(s)

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1325

Leila Houghteling, *The Income and Standard of Living of Unskilled Laborers in Chicago*, Social Science Studies of the University of Chicago (Chicago, 1927)

87) **United States of America, 1924 - 1925 (Chicago Department of Public Welfare)**

Survey ID: 1840

1,526 households

Sample Duration: 6 Month(s)

Notes: Study of the conditions, especially as to housing, which affected the small-wage earner of Chicago. It was undertaken especially to learn the conditions of African-Americans and Mexicans. The field work, which was carried on from November, 1924, to April, 1925, covered 1,526 households, divided as to the race or nativity of their heads into 668 'colored', 266 foreign-born Mexicans, 590 of different white nationalities, and 2 American 'Indians'. The neighborhoods studied were in 11 wards, distributed through the sections of the city in which the 'colored' population was most concentrated.

Ref ID: 1880

'Living Conditions of Small-Wage Earners in Chicago', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 22, No. 3 (1926), pp. 170-173.

88) **United States of America, 1925 - 1925**

Survey ID: 1136

2,484 households

Ref ID: 1126

James R. McGaughy et al., *Teachers' salaries in New York City. Final Report of the Citizens' Committee on Teachers' salaries* (New York: Teachers Col., Columbia Univ., 1927)

89) **United States of America, 1925 - 1925 (Family Society of Philadelphia)**

Survey ID: 1137

167 households

Notes: This study was run by the Family Society of Philadelphia to investigate the economic status of 552 families that had applied for help.

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1127

Perry P. Denune, 'Farm Labor's Plight', *The Survey*, Vol. 61, No. 2 (Oct. 1928), pp. 70-71.

90) **United States of America, 1925 - 1925**

Survey ID: 1139

1,362 households

Ref ID: 1129

Otis D. Duncan and Jesse T. Sanders, 'A Study of Certain Economic Factors in Relation to Social Life Among Oklahoma Cotton Farmers', *Okla. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull.*, No. 211 (1933)

91) **United States of America, 1925 - 1926**

Survey ID: 1140

294 households

Ref ID: 1130

Walfred A. Anderson, 'Living Conditions among White Land Owner Operators in Wake County', *N. C. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull.*, No. 258 (1928)

92) **United States of America, 1925 - 1929**

Survey ID: 1141

154 households

Ref ID: 1131

Edwin A. Willson, 'The Effect of Income on Farm Standards of Living', *N. Dak. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull.*, No. 256 (1932)

93) **United States of America, 1925 - 1926 (Heller Committee)**

Survey ID: 2064

25 households

Notes: A Heller Committee study conducted in the winter of 1925-1926, with help of some 40 members of the Committee on Living Costs of The Oakland Forum, a branch of the National League of Women Voters.

Housewives were given forms on which the items that families habitually use were listed in great detail. Each member of the committee was asked to make a quantity estimate of the goods and services which she considered that women with her own standard of consumption required annually.

25 of these detailed forms were finally filled out. An average was made of the quantity of each item mentioned in the majority of the 25 books.

Ref ID: 2040

'Cost of Living Studies. Quantity and cost estimate of the Standard of Living of the Professional class', *University of California Publications in Economics*, Vol. 5, No. 2 (1928), pp. 129-160.

94) **United States of America, 1926 - 1926 (Bureau of Agricultural Economics, Ohio Agricultural Experiment Station)**

Survey ID: 1142

300 households

Notes: The Bureau of Agricultural Economics, in cooperation with the Ohio Agricultural Experiment Station and Ohio State University, undertook this study to learn the conditions of farming and of family living in a region of low incomes and expenditures, to establish the basis for programmes of improvement of farming and family living, and to canvass the question of whether there was other employment for the farm people and other uses of the land.

The study investigated the sources and uses of income among 300 farm families in three localities: Jackson, Meigs and Vinton counties. These localities were deemed to be typical of much of the farming region.

No methodological information was provided in the report.

Ref ID: 1132

Ellis L. Kirkpatrick and Harvey W. Hawthorne, *Sources and uses of income among 300 farm families of Vinton, Jackson, and Meigs Counties, Ohio, 1926. A Preliminary Report* (U. S. Dept. Agr. Bur. Agr. Econ., 1926)

Selection: United States of America.

95) **United States of America, 1926 - 1926**

Survey ID: 1143

594 households

Ref ID: 1133

W. A. Anderson, 'Farm Family Living Among White Owner and Tenant Operators in Wak County', *N. C. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull.*, No. 269 (1929)

96) **United States of America, 1926 - 1928**

Survey ID: 1144

176 households

Notes: Starting in January 1926, 187 complete one-year records were collected, 50 for 1926, 68 for 1927 and 69 for 1928. Families kept the records themselves. Each of the families (across Ohio) was visited at the end of the year.

No information regarding how these rural families were selected exists. Income information (total cash receipts) exist for 176 families .

Ref ID: 1134

Charles E. Lively, *Family living expenditures on Ohio farms (Wooster, 1930)*

97) **United States of America, 1926 - 1926 (Private - Individual, Dorothy Dickens)**

Survey ID: 1281

75 households

Sample Duration: 8 Week(s)

Ref ID: 1309

Dorothy Dickens, 'A Study of Food Habits of People In Two Contrasting Areas of Mississippi', *Mississippi Agricultural Expedition Statistical Bulletin*, Vol. 245 (1927)

98) **United States of America, 1927 - 1927**

Survey ID: 1145

395 households

Notes: The purpose of this study was to find out how Minnesota village and town families lived, the amounts and sources of their incomes, the distribution and methods of spending their incomes, and their housing and living conditions.

For purposes of a first-hand comparison with semi-urban conditions in the same locality, data were gathered from town and village families living in the trade centres of the same farm areas.

Communities were visited during the summer of 1927 and representative families were asked to cooperate.

Estimates cover the period July 1926-July 1927. Approximately half the time was spent among the poorer families of the town and a quarter each among the medium class and wealthier families. A total of 395 families were surveyed.

Very detailed information on expenditure by community.

Ref ID: 1135

Carle C. Zimmerman, 'Incomes and Expenditures of Village and Town Families in Minnesota', *Minn. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull.*, No. 253 (St Paul: University of Minnesota, 1929)

99) **United States of America, 1927 - 1928**

Survey ID: 1146

272 households

Notes: Report made by a voluntary committee of the Yale Chapter of the American Association of University professor to learn as fully as possible the financial and domestic conditions confronting members of the Yale faculty.

Information from around 60% of the staff.

A questionnaire was prepared and sent to all members of the faculty asking for data on income, supplementary earnings, expenditure and savings.

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1136

Yandell Henderson and Maurice R. Davie, *Incomes and Living Costs of a University Faculty: A Report made by a committee on the Academic standard of living appointed by the Yale University Chapter of the American Association of University Professors* (New Haven, Conn., 1928)

100) **United States of America, 1927 - 1928 (C. Zimmerman)**

Survey ID: 1147

478 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: Information was sought on the incomes and expenditures of 226 farm families and 252 city families of the state of Minnesota. This was secured by personal visits during the summer of 1928. Each family was asked to give information concerning the total family income (in case of farmers, cash receipts) and the various ways in which money was spent for the 12 preceding months.

The purposes of the study: to find the amount of income received by these groups of farm families in comparison with different types of city families; to discover the different methods used for spending their incomes; the influence of size of income, social status, and residence in country or city upon expenditures and the distribution of expenditures.

Very detailed expenditure on consumption by income groups.

Ref ID: 1137

Carle C. Zimmerman, 'Incomes and Expenditures of Minnesota famr, and city families, 1927-28', *Minn. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull.*, No. 255 (1929)

Selection: United States of America.

101) **United States of America, 1927 - 1928 (Bureau of Labor Statistics)**

Survey ID: 1148

506 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: investigation of the expenditures of 506 Federal employees living in Baltimore, Boston, New York, New Orleans, and Chicago, by the Bureau of Labor Statistics in 1928. No employees with salaries of more than \$2,500 were included in the investigation and the schedule used did not provide for detailed figures on the purchases of items other than food and certain articles of household equipment.

The study was made in cooperation with the Personnel Classification Board.

Family type: husband, wife and at least one dependent. No inquiry was made as to the cost of living of unmarried persons or of higher salaried persons. The period covered was the year ending 30 June 1928.

The enquiry included all types of government employees of the federal government for a year or longer. Approximately 100 representative families were canvassed in each city. No information as to how these families were selected appears to exist.

Ref ID: 1138

'Cost of living of Federal Employees of Five Cities', *Monthly Labor Rev.*, Vol. 29, No. 2, pp. 41-61; No. 3, pp.248-259; No. 4, pp 241-254; No. 5, pp1-10 (1929)

Ref ID: 1881

'Cost of Living of Federal Employees in Five Cities. Part 3: Miscellaneous Expenditures', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 29, No. 4 (1929), pp. 241-258.

102) **United States of America, 1927 - 1928**

Survey ID: 1149

203 households

Ref ID: 1139

Merton Oyler, 'Cost of living and population trends in Laurel County, Kentucky', *Ky. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull.*, No. 301 (1930)

Selection: United States of America.

103) **United States of America, 1927 - 1928**

Survey ID: 1150

199 households

Ref ID: 1140

David Rozman, 'Part-time farming in Massachusettes', *Mass. Agr. Expt. St. Bull.*, No. 266 (1930), pp. 104-146.

104) **United States of America, 1927 - 1928**

Survey ID: 1151

195 households

Ref ID: 1141

Helen Canon, 'The family finances of 195 farm families in Tomkins County, New York, 1927-28', *Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull.*, No. 522 (1931)

105) **United States of America, 1927 - 1928 (Children's Bureau and University of Chicago)**

Survey ID: 1152

550 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: Report on the Welfare of Children of Maintenance-of-Way Employees. Children's Bureau staff and people from University of Chicago worked together on the study. Wages and family expenditures mostly relate to 1928.

550 families Maintenance-of-Way Employees, related to the railroad, were investigated across 10 states. Very low-skilled group.

Investigators of the Children's bureau visited the families of the section workers and received from them estimates of their receipts and expenditures during the year preceding the visit and additional facts designed to show something of the quality of life.

The field work began in October 1928 and finished in July 1929.

Selection of a representative sample was not possible.

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1142

Helen R. Wright, 'Welfare of children of maintenance-of-way employees', *U.S. Dept Labor, Children's Bur. Pub.*, No. 211 (1932)

106) **United States of America, 1927 - 1927 (Private - Individual, Dorothy Dickens)** Survey ID: 1282

80 households Sample Duration: 1 Month(s)

Ref ID: 1310

Dorothy Dickens, 'A Nutrition Investigation of Negro Tenants in the Tazoo Mississippi Delta', *Mississippi Agricultural Expedition Statistical Bulletin*, No. 254 (1928)

107) **United States of America, 1927 - 1927 (Private - Individual, Elizabeth J. McKittrick)** Survey ID: 1283

14 households Sample Duration: 2 Week(s)

Ref ID: 1311

Elizabeth J. McKittrick, 'Dietary Studies of Farm Families in Albany and Lincoln Counties, Wyoming', *Wyoming Agricultural Expedition Statistical Bulletin*, No. 165 (1929)

108) **United States of America, 1927 - 1928 (Private - Group, Hill et. Al)** Survey ID: 1284

70 households Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Ref ID: 1312

Randall C. Hill, Ezra L. Morgan, Mabel V. Campbell and Oliver R. Johnson, 'Social, Economic and Homemaking Factors in Farm Living', *Missouri Agricultural Expedition Statistical Bulletin*, No. 148 (1930)

Selection: United States of America.

109) **United States of America, 1927 - 1929 (Department of Labor Children's Bureau)** Survey ID: 1295

529 households Sample Duration: 2 Year(s)

Ref ID: 1326

Helen R. Wright, *Welfare of Children of Maintenance-of-way Employees* (U.S. Department of Labor Children's Bureau Publication, 1932)

110) **United States of America, 1927 - 1928 (Academic - Individual, Gee and Stauffer)** Survey ID: 1299

27 households Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Ref ID: 1331

Wilson Gee and William H. Stauffer, *Rural and Urban Living Standards in Virginia* (Institute for Research in the Social Sciences, 1929)

111) **United States of America, (circa) 1927 - [No To Date] (Bureau of Bureau of Home Economics)** Survey ID: 1807

190 households

Notes: Investigation of the expenditures of 190 families of the business and professional group by the Bureau of Home Economics in 1927 included the families of 57 employees of the Federal Government, whose salaries varied from \$2,500 to \$18,000. Thirty-five of these families lived in Washington DC and the figures on their expenditures provided the only recent data available on the expenditures of Federal employees living in that city.

Ref ID: 1862

Faith M. Williams, 'Measuring Changes in Cost of Living of Federal Employees Living in Washington', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 38, No. 3 (1934), pp. 511-517.

112) **United States of America, 1927 - 1927 (Heller Committee)**

Survey ID: 2065

12 households

Sample Duration: 5 Month(s)

Notes: Heller Committee food study of persons with sufficient incomes to permit a reasonable range of choice in purchasing. Examination of the food habits and expenditures of the professional class.

The information presented in this study was based not on food consumed by the families participating, but on food purchased for the family's use during the month. Each housewife who participated was asked to keep a complete record of all purchases of food by preserving tradesmen slips and by memoranda of cash purchases.

The study covered 12 families in which housewives kept records for 3 months or longer; seven others of the original selection abandoned the task. The investigation officially began in February 1927 and finished in August. Not all records covered a uniform period. Some were shortened or interrupted by delays on starting work, by vacations and by departures from Berkley. The average record covered 5 months.

The group that appears in this study cannot be considered a random and/or unbiased sample of the professional class: wives of the faculty of the University of California predominated.

Ref ID: 2043

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Mary Gorrige Luck and Sybil Woodruff, 'Cost of Living Studies. III The Food of Twelve families of the Professional Class', *University of California Publications in Economics*, Vol. 5, No. 4 (1931), pp. 247-293.

113) **United States of America, 1928 - 1929**

Survey ID: 1153

161 households

Notes: This study deals with uses of land and related problems in 13 hill towns in Vermont.

Very extensive report on farm operations, characteristics, of the farms in those 13 towns of 161 farms.

No methodological explanation as to how the 161 families were chosen. Information on income, expenditures.

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1143

Claud Franklin Clayton and Lemuel James Peet, 'Land utilization as a basis of rural economic organization, based on a study of land utilization and related problems in 13 hill towns of Vermont', *Vt. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull.*, No. 357 (Burlington: Free press printing co., 1933)

114) **United States of America, 1928 - 1930**

Survey ID: 1154

900 households

Ref ID: 1144

Ellis L. Kirkpatrick, Preston E. McNall and May L. Cowles, 'Farm Family Living in Wisconsin', *Wis. Agr. Expt. Sta. Research Bull.*, No. 144 (1933)

115) **United States of America, 1928 - 1930 (Private - Group, Muse and Gillum)**

Survey ID: 1285

50 households

Sample Duration: 3 Year(s)

Ref ID: 1314

Marianne Muse and Isabelle Gillum, 'Food Consumption of Fifty Vermont Households', *Vermont Agricultural Expedition Statistical Bulletin*, Vol. 327 (1931)

116) **United States of America, 1928 - 1928 (Private - Individual, Gillett and Rice)**

Survey ID: 1296

120 households

Sample Duration: 1 Month(s)

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1327

Lucy H. Gillett and Penelope B. Rice, *Influence of Education on Improving the Food Habits of Some New York City Families* (New York: New York Association for Improving the Conditions of the Poor, 1931)

117) **United States of America, 1929 - 1929**

Survey ID: 1156

1,029 households

Notes: During the first six months of 1929, a questionnaire study was conducted in Nashville, Tennessee, which had as one of its purposes the determination of the purchasing power of African-Americans.

Ref ID: 1146

Paul K. Edwards, *The Southern Urban Negro as a Consumer* (New York, 1932)

118) **United States of America, 1929 - 1930**

Survey ID: 1157

536 households

Ref ID: 1147

Albert E. Bowman, 'Farm Home Management', *Wyo. Agr. Ext. Serv. Circ.*, No. 25 (1930), pp. 41-57.

119) **United States of America, 1929 - 1931 (Private - Group, Institute of Social and Religious Research)**

Survey ID: 1158

559 households

Notes: This study had its origins in the desire of a number of agencies interested in the welfare of the people of the southern Appalachians for a comprehensive survey of present economic and social conditions in the region. Agencies needed this information as basis for planning their programmes.

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1148

Faith M. Williams, 'Variations in farm-family living', *U. S. Dept. Agr. Pub.*, No. 205 (1935), pp. 137-152.

120) **United States of America, 1929 - 1934**

Survey ID: 1159

unknown # of households

Ref ID: 1149

'Family Expenditure and Cost of Living at Different Social Levels in the United States', *Int'l Lab. Rev.*, Vol. 34: 817 (1936)

121) **United States of America, 1929 - 1929 (Department of Labor)**

Survey ID: 1297

100 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Ref ID: 1328

U.S. Dept of Labor, 'Standard of Living of Employees of Ford Motor Company in Detroit', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 30, No. 6 (1930), pp. 11-54.

Selection: United States of America.

122) **United States of America, 1930 - 1930 (Private - Group, Amalgamated Housing Corporation)**

Survey ID: 1160

400 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: Amalgamated Housing Corporation project in New York selected as the most suitable to study the tenants benefiting from the State Housing Law and to see the effect of model housing upon the standard of living of families with small incomes.

417 schedules were obtained out of a population of around 500, schedules of 400 of the entire group were used.

The questionnaire and interview were the bases of the budget study. The period covered in the questionnaire was the year ending December 1 1930 and the facts were obtained by visits made from the middle of November 1930 to the middle of January 1931.

Very detailed data on expenditures

Ref ID: 1150

Asher Achinstein, *Report of the State Board of Housing on the standard of living of 400 families in a model housing project* (New York: The Amalgamated Housing Corporation, State Board of Housing, 1931)

Ref ID: 1883

'Standard of Living of 400 Families in Amalgamated Housing Corporation Dwellings', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 33, No. 6 (1931), pp. 240-242.

123) **United States of America, 1930 - 1930 (Academic - Individual, Winters)**

Survey ID: 1298

20 households

Sample Duration: 1 Week(s)

Ref ID: 1329

Jet C. Winters, 'A Report on the Health and Nutrition of Mexicans Living in Texas', *Texas University Bulletin*, Vol. 3127 (1931)

Selection: United States of America.

124) **United States of America, (circa) 1931 - 1931**

Survey ID: 1161

927 households

Ref ID: 1151

Washington State College, Farm home economic conference, Snohomish County, Washington: A report of suggestions and recommendation as prepared at the Snohomish county farm home economics conference held at Everett, February 12 and 13, 1 (Pullman, 1931)

125) **United States of America, 1931 - 1932**

Survey ID: 1162

417 households

Ref ID: 1152

Ruth C. Freeman, 'Summary of Home Account Records', Univ. Ill., Col., Agr., Home Econ. Ext. Serv. (1932)

126) **United States of America, 1931 - 1932 (Fresno Citizens Committee on Teachers Salaries and Educational Costs)**

Survey ID: 1163

491 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: This survey was undertaken at the request of the Fresno Citizens Committee on Teachers Salaries and Educational Costs, who invited Dr Walter Crosby Eells of the School of Education of Stanford University to conduct it. It's aim was to generate a factual basis for possible discussion and readjustment of wages later in the year. The report compares Fresno to other Californian cities.

A detailed questionnaire was filled out by teachers, administrators and other certified employees and by janitorial and mechanical employees of the Fresno school system.

Information covered a year. Questionnaires were distributed at a meeting attended by practically all of the city teachers at which explanations were made of the nature and purpose of the inquiry. Of the 502 people that appear on the payroll as teacher staff, 491 questionnaires were returned and 488 were deemed useful.

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1153

Walter C. Eells et al., *Salary and Cost study of Fresno Schools* (Fresno, Calif.: Fresno City Council of Education, 1932)

127) **United States of America, 1931 - 1932**

Survey ID: 1164

1,038 households

Ref ID: 1154

Murray H. Leiffer, 'Standards of Living in the Ministry', *Methodist Episcopal Church, Bd. Of Pensions and Relief, Pension Prog.*, No. 42 (1932, 24th yr.), pp. 17-24.

128) **United States of America, (circa) 1932 - 1932**

Survey ID: 1165

219 households

Ref ID: 1155

M. Elmina White, *Cost of living conference. Whatcom county, Washington, August 2-3-4-5, 1932; Report of Discussions* (State Col. Wash: Pullman, 1932)

129) **United States of America, 1932 - 1932**

Survey ID: 1166

267 households

Ref ID: 1156

Kenneth Hood, *Some preliminary results of a study of part-time farms in Chemung and Tomkins Counties, New York, 1932* (Ithica: N. Y. State Col. Agr. Dept. Agr. Econ. And Farm Mangt., 1933)

Selection: United States of America.

130) **United States of America, 1932 - 1933 (Bureau of Labor Statistics)**

Survey ID: 1167

489 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: A study carried out by Bureau of Labor Statistics with the cooperation of the Bureau of Home Economics of the Department of Agriculture.

489 Federal employees were included in the investigation: 47 men and 76 women living as single individuals, and 276 men and 90 women living in family groups. The families were studied between July 1932 and June 1933.

The law required that an index number be used to determine the amount by which Federal salaries should be adjusted.

A questionnaire was distributed among all Federal employees in Washington asking for sex, civil-service classification, basic salary rate, length of residence in Washington, type of living arrangement, type of family, number of children in family, whether or not there were boarders in the family, whether or not the employee was making regular contributions to relatives not now living in his or her household, whether the home was rented, owned or mortgaged.

Ref ID: 1157

Faith M. Williams, Gertrude Schmidt and Frances Rice, 'Changes in cost of living of federal employees in the District of Columbia from 1928 to 1933', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 39, No. 1 (1934), pp. 213-224.

Ref ID: 1862

Faith M. Williams, 'Measuring Changes in Cost of Living of Federal Employees Living in Washington', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 38, No. 3 (1934), pp. 511-517.

131) **United States of America, 1933 - 1934**

Survey ID: 1168

200 households

Ref ID: 1158

Emily H. Huntington and Mary Gorringer Luck, *Living on a Moderate Income* (London: Humphrey Milford, OUP, 1937)

Selection: United States of America.

132) **United States of America, 1933 - 1934**

Survey ID: 1169

unknown # of households

Ref ID: 1159

'Budgets of Families Living on Moderate Incomes in San Francisco', *International Labour Review*, Vol. 38: 272 (1938)

133) **United States of America, 1933 - 1935 (Bureau of Labor Statistics)**

Survey ID: 1837

919 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: The field work in Rochester was supervised by Frances Rice and Kathryn Heath, that in Columbus by Ann fames, and that In Seattle by Georges M. Weber, all of the Bureau of Labor Statistics staff. The survey in Rochester was made In cooperation with the University of Rochester and the Temporary Emergency Relief Administration of New York State. That in Columbus was made in cooperation with the Bureau of Business Research of Ohio StateUniversity, the Franklin County Consumers' Council and the Emergency Relief Administration of Ohio. The survey in Seattle was made n cooperation with the Emergency Relief Administration of the State of Washington.

919 families were surveyed: 301 from Rochester, 255 from Columbus and 352 from Seattle. Families were surveyed across the period of a year.

The families studied were carefully selected to represent a cross section of white employed wage earners and lower-salaried clerical workers in the three cities. All the families included had one or more workers who worked a minimum of 1,008 hours in at least 36 weeks during the year. Since the data were being obtained primarily for the purpose of providing a basis for indexes of living costs, it was important that they should not reflect the distorted spending of families whose incomes had been abnormally low or irregular.

On that account no data were included from families whose incomes were under \$500 a year or from families who received relief during the year.

The families studied in these three cities were classified into three different consumption levels, i. e., with annual expenditures of less than \$400 per consumption unit, of from \$400 to \$600, and of \$600 and more.

Ref ID: 1878

'Money Disbursements of Wage Earners and Clerical Workers in Rochester, Columbus, and Seattle', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 43, No. 6 (1936), pp. 1607-1629.

Selection: United States of America.

134) **United States of America, 1933 - 1934 (Bureau of Labor Statistics)** Survey ID: 1842

150 households Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: Survey with information on composition, income and disbursements, year ending Aug. 31, 1934, for families of wage earners and low-salaried workers in Manchester, N. H.

The first purpose of the general investigation was to provide a basis for revising and extending the Bureau's current indexes of the cost of goods purchased by wage earners and lower-salaried workers. These indexes now represent changes in the cost of those commodities and services shown to be most important in the family expenditures of this group by a study made in 1918-19.

The data were obtained via the 'schedule method'. Interviewers visited the workers and their families with carefully prepared schedules, and obtain detailed estimates of money income and outgoings during the past 12 months.

Ref ID: 1884

Faith Williams and Gertrude Schmidt, 'New Study of Money Disbursements of Wage Earners and Lower-Salaried Workers', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 40, No. 4 (1935), pp. 861-866.

135) **United States of America, 1933 - 1934 (Bureau of Labor Statistics)** Survey ID: 1843

721 households

Notes: Figures on expenditure by 721 white families in Richmond, Birmingham, and New Orleans, when sorted into two groups, according to economic level.

Ref ID: 1885

Faith M. Williams, 'Money Disbursements of Wage Earners and Clerical Workers in Richmond, Birmingham, and New Orleans', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 42, No. 5 (1936), pp. 1457-1464.

136) **United States of America, 1933 - 1934 (Bureau of Labor Statistics)** Survey ID: 1845

1,134 households Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1888

'Money Disbursements of Wage Earners and Clerical Workers in 11 New Hampshire Communities', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 42, No. 3 (1936), pp. 554-563.

137) **United States of America, 1934 - 1936 (Bureau of Labor Statistics)**

Survey ID: 1809

14,469 households

Notes: The group of wage and clerical worker families surveyed was confined to those with 2 or more persons in cities with a population of 50,000 and over, with an income of at least \$501, who had not been on relief during the survey year. A \$2,000 maximum income limit was established for inclusion of clerical workers; no income limit was set for wage workers.

Income and expenditure was recorded for 14,469 families of employed wage earners and clerical workers of 42 cities, including native and foreign-born white and African-American families.

Purpose: revising the index of the cost of goods purchased by wage earners and clerical workers published by the BLS.

Data is representative of the expenditures of families in cities with a population above 50,000.

Ref ID: 1890

Faith M. Williams and Alice C. Hanson, 'Expenditure Habits of Wage Earners and Clerical Workers', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 49, No. 6 (1939), pp. 1311-1334.

Ref ID: 1863

Faith M. Williams, 'Standards and Levels of Living of City-Worker Families', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 79, No. 9 (1956), pp. 1015-1024.

Selection: United States of America.

138) **United States of America, 1934 - 1935 (Bureau of Labor Statistics)**

Survey ID: 1844

1,089 households

Notes: Study in 4 cities: Detroit, Lansing, Marquette and Grand Rapids.

The study of the money disbursements of wage earners and lower salaried clerical workers in these four Michigan cities forms a part of the nation-wide survey made by the Bureau of Labor Statistics for the purpose of revising its cost-of-living indexes.

Ref ID: 1886

'Money Disbursements of Wage Earners and Clerical Workers in Four Michigan Cities', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 42, No. 6 (1936), pp. 1744-1753.

139) **United States of America, 1934 - 1935 (Bureau of Labor Statistics)**

Survey ID: 1846

764 households

Notes: Spending among employed wage earners and lower-salaried clerical workers in large cities in different parts of the United States.Changes in the distribution of expenditure with changes in economic level among the Boston and Springfield families.

Ref ID: 1889

Faith M. Williams, 'Money Disbursements of Wage Earners and Clerical Workers in Boston and Springfield, Mass.', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 43, No. 3 (1936), pp. 783-797.

140) **United States of America, 1935 - 1936 (U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics)**

Survey ID: 1386

823,230 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: Investigation conducted by the U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics in 32 cities, varying in size and representing different sections of the country. It was paralleled by a study of small city, village, and farm families conducted by the Bureau of Home Economics of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Both surveys, which together constitute the Study of Consumer Purchases, were administered under a grant of funds from the Works Progress Administration. The National Resources Committee and the Central Statistical Board cooperated in the nation-wide study.

Families reported data for 12 consecutive months within the period Jan 1 1935 through Nov 30 1936. Random selection of families.

The closest approach to date to a general study of family consumption of goods and services was provided by the series of surveys among families of wage earners and clerical workers conducted by the BLS in 1918-9.

Present study of consumer purchases differs from those previously undertaken in that it is designed to cover a large enough number of families to allow for comparison, not only between different sections of the country, between urban and rural communities and between cities of different size, but also between families of different income levels and within any given income level, between families of different composition and occupational groups.

Wage earner, clerical, farm families as well as professional and business, both salaried and self-employed and families whose incomes are not dependent upon current employment.

Reports present estimates for total of population on basis of samples.

7 urban reports concerning:

New York City

Chicago sample 36223.

4 Urban communities of the pacific north west (PNW): Portland, Aberdeen-Hoquiam, Bellingham and Everett.

5 New England cities: Providence, New Britain, Haverhill, Wallingford and Willimantic

5 cities in the Southeaster region: Atlanta, Mobile, Columbia, Gastonia and Albany

9 cities East Central region: Beaver Falls, Connellsville, New Castle, Columbus, Springfield, Mattoon, Muncie, Logansport, Peru

7 communities in the West Central-Rocky Mountain Region: Denver, Omaha-Council Bluffs, Pueblo, Butte, Dubuque, Springfield, Billings.

Ref ID: 1316

A. D. H. Kaplan, Faith M. Williams and Erika H. Wulff, 'Family Income in Chicago', *Bulletin No. 642, Vols. I & II* (Washington D.C.: U. S. Gov. Printing Office, 1939)

Selection: United States of America.

141) **United States of America, 1935 - 1936 (Bureau of Home Economics of the USDA and the BLS)**

Survey ID: 1387

14,503 households

Sample Duration: 12 Month(s)

Notes: Rural part of the survey ID 1386

Generate comprehensive data on the income and consumption of American families. Conducted in 1936 by the Bureau of Home Economics of the USDA and the BLS with the cooperation of the National Resources Planning Board, the Work Projects Administration and the Central Statistical Board.

The survey was conducted in five broad geographic regions: New England, Middle Atlantic and North Central, Plains and Mountain, Pacific and Southeast. Communities were selected to typify five distinct degrees of urbanisation in each region as follows: large cities, middle sized cities, small cities, villages and farm counties.

Bureau of Home Economics was in charge of the work in the 140 villages and 66 farm countries and in 19 of the 29 small cities.

The consumption study was confined to those groups numerically most important in the country's population. Requirements for families to be included in the study:

- husband and wife who were 'native' white or 'native' African-American, married for at least 1 year
- farm sections: farm operator and had operated the farm for at least 1 year. Farm had to meet census definition and family should have received some money income from the sale of farm products.
- family had not received relief at any time during the year
- family of specified composition
- family did not have more than the equivalent of one roomer and/or boarder in the household for 52 weeks of the report year.

Scheme of collection involving four samples was used for farms

- record-card sample was a random sample of all dwellings of farm operators.
- income sample included families shown by the record card to be eligible for income study.
- eligible sample consisted of families from the second sample that met the requirements for a consumption study
- consumption sample derived from the eligible sample .

Ref ID: 1334

Hazel Kyrk, Day Monroe, Dorothy S. Brady, Colette Rosenstiel and Edith Dyer Rainboth, *Family Expenditures for Housing and Household Operation, Misc. Pub. No. 457, U.S.D.A. (1941)*

Selection: United States of America.

142) **United States of America, 1943 - 1943 (Honolulu, Department of Labor and Industrial Relations)** Survey ID: 1834

100 households

Notes: Family-expenditure survey made in the summer of 1943. The results of the survey, covering 100 families with comparatively high salaries, are included in the pamphlet.

Ref ID: 1869

'Recent Publications of Labor Interest [index]', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 59, No. 3 (1944), pp. 667-676.

143) **United States of America, 1947 - 1947 (Bureau of Labor Statistics)** Survey ID: 1835

755 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: Information from Washington, Richmond, and Manchester, was obtained by the Bureau of Labor Statistics in the spring of 1948.

The surveys included as economic families, persons living together during 1947 who pooled incomes and shared expenses, and individuals who lived independently as single consumers. Each family gave a detailed report of expenditures and savings for the year and reported income from all sources, as well as deductions from income for items such as taxes, retirement, and insurance. In analysis of the expenditure information, families were classified by the amount of total net income (after payment of personal taxes).

Samples of families representative of all types of consumers. Personal interviews with these families were conducted during February, March, and April, 1948. The sample units were selected by ratio from lists and supplemented by field investigation to include rooms in lodging houses, hotels, employee quarters of institutions, and new construction.

For Washington, the sample provided usable data for 323 economic families, of whom 273 were families of 2 or more persons and 50 were single. The survey included the city proper and the suburban areas in Montgomery and Prince Georges Counties, Md., and Alexandria, Arlington County, and part of Fairfax County, Va. The Richmond sample consisted of 196 economic families who were willing and able to give a complete report (178 families of 2 or more persons and 18 single consumers). The survey included the city proper and the suburban areas located in Henrico and Chesterfield Counties, Va. In Manchester, the sample provided complete reports for 236 economic families (190 families of 2 or more persons and 46 single residents).

Ref ID: 1870

Helen M. Humes, 'Family Income and Expenditures in 1947', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 68, No. 4 (1949), pp. 389-397.

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1871

Helen M. Humes, 'Procedures Used in 1947 Family Expenditure Surveys', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 68, No. 4 (1949), pp. 434-435.

144) **United States of America, 1948 - 1948 (Government - Other Dept./Office)**

Survey ID: 1848

518 households

Notes: Survey carried out in spring and early summer of 1948.

Some 600 African-American households in the San Francisco Bay Area, selected by a stratified-random sampling procedure, were studied.

The sample was drawn from San Francisco, Oakland, Alameda, Berkeley and Richmond in proportion to their respective estimated African-American population. It was also apportioned between public housing and private residential, because the former accommodated a large proportion of the migrant group while the 'old residents' lived mainly in private dwellings.

Ref ID: 1892

Davis McEntfie and Julia R. Ternopol, 'Postwar Status of Negro Workers in San Francisco Area', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 70, No. 6 (1950), pp. 612-617.

Selection: United States of America.

145) **United States of America, 1950 - 1950 (Wharton School of Finance and Commerce in cooperation with the BLS)** Survey ID: 1170

12,490 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: Study of consumer expenditures, incomes and savings in the United States by the Wharton School of Finance and Commerce in cooperation with the BLS under a grant from the Ford Foundation.

Two part study:

-study of expenditures and related data for 1950 and early 1951 compiled by the BLS from field survey data covering close to 1,500 items of budget information for each of some 12,500 families and individuals

-studies covering economic, marketing and sociological aspects of consumer behaviour prepared by staff members of the Wharton School and other academic institutions making use of the new 1950-1951 data, as well as of other consumer surveys and time series material.

Primary purpose of the 1950 survey: revision of expenditure weights in the CPI.

18 volumes are believed to have represented the most comprehensive information on consumers' economic behaviour available and virtually the only detailed information on the pattern of consumers' expenditures in the US in the period after WWII.

91 cities, 9 city classes. All urban data indicated the commodities purchased, prices paid, level of durable goods inventories, amounts spent and economic, social, demographic and other characteristics of the consumer units. Expenditure data was classified by 21 family characteristics and combinations of characteristics.

Comprehensive data on family expenditures, incomes and savings for the entire 1950 and detailed data on expenditures for food items for one week in the first half of 1951.

The survey was conducted during the first half of 1951 in 91 urban areas throughout the US, ranging in size from places of 2,500 population to the greater NY area with a population of 9 million. A total of 15,180 living quarters, containing 16,352 families and single consumers were visited by interviews recruited and trained for the purpose. Complete and usable reports were obtained from 12,489 consumer units.

For cities with populations over 86,000 samples were drawn from listings of addresses recorded in the BLS dwelling unit surveys. These surveys were made during 1949 and 1950 to obtain housing information and as a first stage in sample selection. For smaller cities, in which no dwelling unit surveys were conducted, the samples were drawn from listings of addresses taking in the 1950 census. A varying amount of information about the occupants of living quarters was available for different cities. Where they were known, family size, income level and race were used to stratify addresses for sample selection. When information about these characteristics was not available, stratification was based on block location and development, description of living quarters, tenure and rent level.

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 2035

Study of consumer expenditures, incomes, and savings : statistical tables (Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania, 1956-57)

Ref ID: 1627

International Labour Organisation, *Bulletin on Household Budget Surveys 1950-1960* (Geneva: ILO, 1961)

Ref ID: 99

'Post-War Studies of Family Expenditures [notes]', *International Labour Review*, Vol. 74, No. 6 (1956), pp. 576-599.

146) **United States of America, (circa) 1950 - [No To Date] (Bureau of Labor Statistics)**

Survey ID: 1810

5,994 households

Notes: Figures for 1950 from wage and clerical worker families of 2 or more persons in cities with a population of 30,500 and over. They were drawn from a random sample and no lower income was set for inclusion nor was any restriction imposed as to receipt of public assistance at any time during the survey year. A \$10,000 maximum income limit was fixed for inclusion of wage and clerical workers. Such families were also surveyed in 1950 in cities with populations from 2,000 to 30,500.

Purpose of survey: expenditure study to provide a new market basket for the CPI.

Ref ID: 1863

Faith M. Williams, 'Standards and Levels of Living of City-Worker Families', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 79, No. 9 (1956), pp. 1015-1024.

Ref ID: 1873

'Survey of Consumer Expenditures in 1950: Interpretation and Use of the Results', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 75, No. 4 (1952), pp. 425-428.

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 1872

'Consumer Expenditure Study, 1950: Field Methods and Purposes', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 72, No. 1 (1951), pp. 56-59.

147) **United States of America, (circa) 1955 - 1955 (U.S. Department of Agriculture)**

Survey ID: 1839

5,015 households

Sample Duration: 3 Month(s)

Notes: Agriculture's 1955 Survey of Household Food Consumption.

April-June 1955

whole country; all types of households, 6,060 households.

Areas: Urban and Rural : non-farm households and farms.

Ref ID: 1627

International Labour Organisation, *Bulletin on Household Budget Surveys 1950-1960* (Geneva: ILO, 1961)

148) **United States of America, 1960 - 1961 (Bureau of Labor Statistics)**

Survey ID: 1811

13,728 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: Detailed information on the purchasing habits of Americans, with over 200 types of expenditures coded, and attempts to provide a complete picture of consumer expenditures in the United States. Interviews were conducted in 1960 and 1961 with 9,476 urban families, 2,285 rural non-farm families, and 1,967 rural farm families, for a total of 13,728 families interviewed. ICPSR obtained the 1960-1961 Consumer Expenditure Survey from the Bureau of Labor Statistics in two files, one containing the urban families and a second file containing the rural families interviewed.

A three-stage sample design was used to select a sample presenting all families in the urban population. A sample of 66 urban places was selected to represent all urban in places in the 50 states.

The survey was conducted over 2 years: in 1961 covering family expenditures and income in the calendar year 1960 and in 1962 providing data for 1961.

All data were collected by personal interviews.

Selection: United States of America.

Ref ID: 2044

Consumer Expenditure Survey, 1960-1961 (Ann Arbor: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research, 1983)

Ref ID: 1874

Phyllis Groom, 'New Features of the Revised CPI', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 87, No. 4 (1964), pp. 385-390.

Report Stats:

Selection: United States of America.

Surveys: 148
Reference instances: 167
Total Households: 1,026,929