

GII Survey Report

Selection: Uruguay.

1) Uruguay, 1913 - 1919 (Oficina Nacional del Trabajo)

Survey ID: 1063

3 households

Ref ID: 1655

Angelica Puentes, *El coste de vida en el Uruguay 1913-1919* (Montevideo: Imprenta Nacional, 1919)

Ref ID: 1694

Juan Rial, 'La alimentacion de los sectores populares en Montevideo en las primeras decadas del siglo XX', *Serie Documentos de Trabajo*, Vol. 84/62 (Montevideo: Centro de Informaciones y Estudios del Uruguay, 1984)

Ref ID: 1054

'Cost of living in Uruguay in 1919 compared with 1913', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 11, No. 2 (1920), pp. 71-72.

Ref ID: 1656

Carolina Roman, 'Consumption patterns in the Latin America Southern Cone in the 20th century: structure, real income and prices', Paper presented at Second Congreso Latinoamericano de Historia Economica (2010)

2) Uruguay, 1937 - 1937 (Ministry of Industries and Labour)

Survey ID: 1066

4,000 households

Selection: Uruguay.

Ref ID: 1656

Carolina Roman, 'Consumption patterns in the Latin America Southern Cone in the 20th century: structure, real income and prices', Paper presented at Second Congreso Latinoamericano de Historia Economica (2010)

Ref ID: 1641

'Cost of Living of Worker's Family in Montevideo, Uruguay, 1937-44', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 60, No. 6 (1945), pp. 1299-1301.

Ref ID: 1057

Ministerio de Industrias y Trabajo, 'Revista de la Dirección General de Asuntos Económicos', Vol. 1, No. 1 (1946)

3) **Uruguay, 1940 - 1940 (Ministry of Industries and Labour)**

Survey ID: 1595

2,279 households

Sample Duration: 1 Month(s)

Notes: Survey carried out by the Direccion de Estadistica Economica del Ministerio de Industrias

Ref ID: 1685

Consejo Interamericano de Consumo y Produccion, *Encuesta continental sobre el consumo de productos de alimentacion y vestido y sobre vivienda popular* (Montevideo: Consejo Interamericano de Consumo y Produccion, 1945)

Ref ID: 1640

'Wages and Cost of Living in Uruguay', *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 55, No. 2 (1942), pp. 365-366.

4) **Uruguay, (circa) 1947 - 1950**

Survey ID: 1581

unknown # of households

Selection: Uruguay.

Ref ID: 1614

Asociacion de Bancarios del Uruguay, *Estudio comparativo del costo de vida: setiembre 1947 a febrero 1950* (Montevideo: Asociación de Bancarios del Uruguay, 1951)

5) **Uruguay, (circa) 1953 - [No To Date] (Ministries of Industry and Labour)**

Survey ID: 1594

100 households

Ref ID: 1654

Ministerio de Industrias y Trabajo, *Clasificación industrial de ramas de actividad económica del Uruguay: Digesto de la actuación de los consejos de salarios entre los años 1943-1952. Coste de vida; estudio de precios y salarios a través de los años 1943-1952* (Montevideo: Imprenta Nacional, 1953)

Ref ID: 1638

Peter H. Thormann, 'The Rural-Urban Income Differential and Minimum Wage Fixing Criteria', *International Labour Review*, Vol. 102, No. 2 (1970), pp. 127-147.

6) **Uruguay, 1962 - 1962**

Survey ID: 1067

400 households

Sample Duration: 2 Month(s)

Notes: A family expenditure survey conducted in Montevideo during the period February-April 1962 among a random sample of 400 wage earners' and salaried employees' families (excl. the banking sector) with one or more children under 18 years of age.

Ref ID: 1955

***Consumer Prices. Technical Guide. Descriptions of series published in the Bulletin of Labour Statistics* (Geneva: International Labour Organisation, 1968)**

Selection: Uruguay.

Ref ID: 1656

Carolina Roman, 'Consumption patterns in the Latin America Southern Cone in the 20th century: structure, real income and prices', Paper presented at Second Congreso Latinoamericano de Historia Economica (2010)

Ref ID: 1058

Instituto de Economía, *Estadísticas Básicas; Facultad de Ciencias Económicas y de Administración, Uruguay* (Montevideo, 1969)

7) **Uruguay, 1967 - 1968 (Academic - Institutional, Instituto de Estadística)**

Survey ID: 1527

1,707 households

Sample Duration: 1 Year(s)

Notes: Survey between April 1967 and January 1968 carried out by the Instituto de Estadística of the Facultad de Ciencias Económicas y Administración. It was defined as an academic/scientific study to shed light on the consumption and income structure of the population of Montevideo. The aim was to develop consumption functions and have information to estimate income elasticity of demand. Another aim was to update the CPI weights as the University developed an indicator in parallel to the official one.

A pilot survey was carried out beforehand. The sample was determined on the basis of the 1963 population census. 1,707 families were surveyed. All types of families were considered, no matter what the occupation of the head of household.

Ref ID: 1523

Carlos M. Lazaro and Instituto de Estadística, *Encuesta Sobre Consumos e Ingresos Familiares en el Area Metropolitana de Montevideo* (Montevideo: Universidad de la Republica, 1968)

Selection: Uruguay.

8) **Uruguay, 1968 - 1968 (Direccion General de Estadistica y Censos)**

Survey ID: 1621

326,900 households

Sample Duration: 3 Month(s)

Notes: The first continuous household survey started in Oct-Dec 1968 in Montevideo (despite having a national scope). The aim of these enquiries was to generate continuous information on different social and economic aspects of the population like employment/unemployment, education, health, housing, income.

Probabilistic sampling was carried out in three stages. This report focuses on employment and unemployment data but has income distribution information.

Ref ID: 1679

Direccion General de Estadistica y Censos, *Encuesta de hogares: Ocupacion y desocupacion* (Montevideo: Direccion General de Estadistica y Censos, 1969)

Report Stats:

Selection: Uruguay.

Surveys: 8

Reference instances: 17

Total Households: 335,389